TIMES
OFFICE
No. 26 Broad St.
Opposite Driard.

Victoria Times.

The Best of Everything
Is the material used in preparing prescriptions at the People's Popular Prescription Pharmacy. Prices too are right.
C. E. JONES,
35 Government Street
Always open.

VOL. 19 VICTORIA B. C., THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1894. No. 276

Sometimes

A man gets tired
Of reading the same old thing;
Of reading the same old chestnut
And jokes with the same old ring.

Then let him read about a new ring, or perhaps he wants a watch The best place for him to go if he wants a bargain is

CHALLONER & MITCHELL'S,
47 Government Street.

The Westside.

70 GOVERNMENT STREET. . . . . . . VICTORIA

Ladies who make purchases in our Cloak Department have the gratifying confidence and feeling that the Style is in strict accordance with the Fashionable and Refined Taste prevailing at the present time. Excellence of Style and Good Value is our motto.

HEINRICH DOWE, a German, invented a process that renders cloth bullet proof. So perfect is his invention that he has actually stood up dressed in a uniform of this wonderful cloth and been shot at without injury.

We do not claim that our Waterproof Ulsters with Golf Capes to be bullet proof, but we do claim that while porous they are impervious to rain, and that's what's wanted for months to come.

All our New Capes, Jackets, Rain and Waterproof Garments fit well, look well and give such satisfaction that customers are sure to come again. That's how our business has been built.

PRICES.—When you have compared prices you will find Spot Cash's quotations are the lowest in the city.

ISITWETENOUGHFORYOU?

If so, come and buy an Umbrella. Fifty dozen direct from the maker, just opened. A large assortment of Novelties in Ladies' Ivory, Plain and Mounted in Silver and Gold Plated. Prices range from 75 cents upward and satisfaction is guaranteed.

J HUTCHESON & CO.

C. H. STICKELS . . . . ROOMS: 19 to 22 . . . . Board of Trade Building.

CONSULTING ELECTRICAL ENGINEER & PURCHASING AGENT. ELECTRIC LIGHT AND POWER APPARATUS AND SUPPLIES. . .

Estimates for complete electrical installations, either light or power. House wiring plans and superintendence a specialty. All wiring under my superintendence guaranteed.

SURPRISING REDUCTIONS
FROM FORMER PRICES.

A. GREGG & SON,
Tailors, - - 62 Yates St.

Preventive

In rainy weather dark and gloomy;
With the mud and water in the street,
You find your shoes with holes are roomy
And clammy dampness soaks your feet.

But coughs and colds can be prevented,
And in a way the world extols
An antidote is here presented—
Get a pair of good

. . . . .Cork Soles . .

A. B. ERSKINE,
Corner Government and Johnson Sts.

LATE CABLE DISPATCHES.

Violent Wind and Rain Storm in Bath—Thousands Made Homeless.

Foundering of a Ship and Loss of Life—The Kaiser to His Soldiers.

London, Nov. 15.—As the result of the violent winds and heavy rains thousands of persons in Bath have been rendered homeless by the overflowing of the Avon. General rainfall still continues throughout England but the gales have abated.

The British ship Culmore founded in yesterday's gale off Spurnhead, Yorkshire. Twenty-two persons were lost, including the captain and his wife. It is believed the British steamer Zande was also lost yesterday.

Heavy floods are reported on the Island of Cyprus.

A dispatch from Limasol says twenty-one persons have been drowned and the number of animals destroyed number thousands.

Berlin, Nov. 15.—In the Lustgarten today the emperor administered oaths of alliance to some new recruits and in his address said: "I greet you as my soldiers. To be good soldiers you must be good Christians. You will have to guard and fight for the welfare of the fatherland always remember that the colors before you must never be insulted. Obey the oath you have taken and be courageous, despising death."

At a meeting of socialists last evening Herr Belge, who was chairman of the delegation to the recent socialist congress at Frankfort, made a report and in a speech sharply criticized the practice of appointing to offices of the socialist party men totally ignorant of the principles of socialism.

London, Nov. 14.—A dispatch to the Times from Berlin says that the marriage of Czar Nicholas to Princess Alix has been absolutely fixed to take place November 22.

Berlin, Nov. 15.—Germany has replied to the solicitation of China that the former mediate between the latter and Japan, declining to intervene unless both Japan and China apply to Germany for mediation.

FREIGHT RATES COMMISSION.

The Intercolonial Officials Now on their Way West.

Ottawa, Nov. 15.—Archibald and Schaefer, of the Intercolonial railway, who are two of the departmental commissioners appointed to inquire into the freight rates on the Canadian Pacific railway, arrived here from Moncton today. They got their instructions at the railway department and left for Winnipeg in the afternoon. They will meet Pearce and Allison, the other two commissioners, there, and probably the first meeting for organization will be held on Monday or Tuesday next in Winnipeg. It is likely that Archibald will be appointed chairman and Schaefer may be secretary.

LONDON HOSPITAL COUGH CURE CURES.

COCHRANE & MUNN, - Druggists.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MISS McLAUGHLIN, ladies' nurse, 98 Yates street (up stairs), room No. 8, over Cochrane & Munn's drug store; telephone 414.

TO BE LET or leased the Globe Hotel, Esquimalt, in good running order; will shortly be vacant; a good chance for an energetic man. Address Mrs. M. Fisher, 143 Pandora Avenue, City. n1-1m

LOST—On Saturday, 10th Nov., in or outside Drill Shed, an ivory fan with mirror inlaid. Finder will be rewarded by leaving same at Times office. n15-1

TO OWNERS OF SEALING SCHOONERS—Suit of sails complete and in first class order, of a schooner of 300 tons burthen; would make suit of sails for a sealing vessel at small expense; also first class chronometer. George Byrnes, Wharf St. n15-1w

I. O. O. F. NOTICE.

The officers and members of Peerless Lodge, No. 22, I.O.O.F., will please take notice that there will be a special meeting on Saturday evening, November 17th. A full attendance is requested.

S. WILSON, Sec.
Thos. E. WALLER, N.G.

Victoria & Sidney Ry.

The Saturday afternoon train will leave Hillside Station at 2 p.m., istead of 5 p.m , to accommodate parties going to the Ploughing Match at Saanichton.

Sunday Trains as usual at 7 a.m. and 2 p.m.

CANADIAN CATTLE.

Sir Charles Tupper Speaks at Dundee—the Scheduling to Continue.

Dundee, Nov. 15.—Sir Charles Tupper in an address to farmers, said to-day it made no difference how clearly it might be proven that contagious pleuro-pneumonia did not exist among cattle in Canada, it was a foregone conclusion that the British government would exclude Canadian cattle. This prohibition, he said, was chiefly due to the connection of Chaplin, formerly president of the board of agriculture, with the agricultural society. Resolutions were passed declaring that the agitation against the action of the government in excluding Canadian cattle would continue unabated.

EASTERN CANADA.

The Empire as a Paying Concern—Marter's New Departure.

Toronto, Nov. 15.—The World (Conservative) this mornig says: "Empire stockholders are willing to assign their stock to a syndicate if the latter will run the paper without consideration for what they have paid in It also adds that an effort to amalgamate the Mail and the Empire has fallen through; that the latter has been a dead loss of $200,000 to the stockholders, and that the Dominion government has repudiated it as the government organ and says its existence is not necessary to the existence of the government."

Ottawa, Nov. 15.—Messrs. Archibald and Schaefer, two of the commissioners appointed to inquire into the freight rates, left to-day for Winnipeg, where they will be joined by Messrs. Pearce and Allison, the other two members, and will proceed at once to take evidence at Winnipeg.

Montreal, Nov. 15.—Thirty-seven new cases of scarlet fever were reported to the health authorities yesterday. The sum of $2000 has been appropriated to put the civic hospital in repair and procure anti-toxine serum from New York.

Cornwall, Ont., Nov. 15.—The steamer Rocko, plying between Cornwall and Montreal, is aground a few miles west of Lancaster. No great amount of injury is done.

Stratford, Ont., Nov. 15.—There is a case of smallpox here.

London, Ont., Nov. 15.—A political sensation of the hour is the address delivered here last night by George T. Marter, the new leader of Conservatives in Ontario. In his augural address on Nocember 8th he made no mention of separate schools and was taunted by the Opposition with either wilful evasion of the subject or disinclination to renew the religious agitation of the recent elections. Last night Marter laid down a line of policy that may revolutionize provincial politics. After assailing the political attitude of the Roman Catholic church in Ontario, he boldly declared himself in favor of the abolition of Catholic separate schools, and pledging himself to assist in effecting it could it be done by constitutional means. Other speakers addressed the meeting in the same vein. Mr. Marter declared himself an unflinching prohibitionist and if his supporters did not like it they could find another leader.

Toronto, Nov. 15.—It is not expected that the legislature will be called together till next April. Premier Mowait is trying to fined a seat for Ballantyne, the defeated speaker of the last legislature.

The Minstrel Show.

Mr. Bones—Mr. Interlocutor, I suppose you heard about Smith leaving town?

Mr. Interlocutor—Oh yes, I know about it.

Mr. B.—Music drove him away from here.

Mr. I.—Music drove him away. Nonsense, how was that?

Mr. B.—Oh, he had a lot of "notes" outstanding.

The above is one of the jokes one of the end men in the coming minstrel show was going to tell, but as they have so many more that are better the idea was abandoned and the "gag" was given out in advance. There will be lots of laughs at the man who does not go to the Victoria theatre either Wednesday or Thursday next.

WESTMINSTER CASES.

Progress of the Assizes—A Missing Stenographer.

New Westminster, Nov. 15.—The trial of Edward Unsworth and Smith, which began at the assizes yesterday, was cut suddenly short to-day. They are accused of attempting to cut the natural dam on Vedder Creek, Chilliwack, which, if successful, would have flooded a large area of land. A tremendous quantity of maps, field notes, drawings, and other data were put in evidence, which the jury could not have made themselves familiar with in a month, besides which a visit to the spot was almost absolutely necessary to obtain an intelligent idea of what was intended to prove and disprove. After a discussion of counsel the accused agreed to be tried under the speedy trials act, which the court agreed to, but fixing no date. The trial of Louis Victor for the murder of Cheam Peter is proceeding and the only case remaining on the docket is the 21 Indians for piracy.

J. R. Burton, official stenographer of the supreme court, has not been seen since Monday, and his friends are beginning to wonder at his prolonged absence. A writ of attachment was issued against him yesterday in connection with some funds he held as receiver for the News-Advertiser bindery.

Returns from the storthing elections in Norway are complete, except in the case of two seats. The rights and moderates have elected fifty-three members, the lefts fifty-nine.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
Awarded Gold Medal Midwinter Fair, San Francisco.

THE BURIAL OF THE CZAR.

Arrival of the Body in St. Petersburgh—Gorgeous and Impressive Ceremony.

Military, Clergy, Foreign Potentates and Populace—Apparent Grief.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 14.—The funeral train, with the body of the late czar on board, arrived at the Nicholas station Monday night, and was shunted upon a side track until morning. Shortly after 10 a.m. the imperial train re-entered the railroad station. The body was transferred to the hearse in waiting and conveyed to the cathedral through the densely crowded streets, guarded by thousands of troops. Every foot of ground along the route was occupied with spectators. The greatest masses of people were gathered in front of the Kasan, St. Isaac's and other churches, in front of which, previous to the starting of the procession, the clergy stood in their state robes. Three salvos of artillery announced the arrival of the procession at exactly 11 o'clock. The route followed by the cortege was six miles long.

The czar's Cossack body guard headed the procession, and was followed by the other detachments of cavalry. Then came 51 standards, each escorted by officers. The first two flags and the last flag bore the imperial arms. Next came the horse of the dead czar and a man in gilt armor, holding the sword of state and mounted upon a splendidly caparisoned charger led by two grooms in the state livery. Following this horseman came a second man in black armor, carrying a naked sword. He preceded a number of high officials who bore a mourning standard of black silk. Behind the standard was a retinue of officials bearing the standards of the various Russian provinces. The remainder of the procession, until the end of the 12th section, was composed of high imperial and provincial functionaries, with their staffs of office and numerous other officers bearing different banners. The rear of the 12th section was brought up by another detachment of officials, who bore on velvet cushions the late czar's medals, orders and the imperial insignia.

The thirteenth and most important section of the procession, and the one for which everybody was waiting, was headed by the choirs of the cathedral of St. Isaac and of the convent of St. Alexander Newski. Following the choirs were the clergy, bearing lighted candles, and behind them came the czar's confessor, Father Yanyichieff, holding the image of St. Alexander Newski, the patron saint of the dead monarch. Behind the image of the saint came the hearse, drawn by eight horses. The tassels of the hearse were held by 16 generals in full mourning uniform. Sixty pages carrying lighted torches walked on either side of the hearse. The hearse or funeral car consisted of a platform on wheels. The platform was covered with black cloth, with silver bands. The spokes of the wheels were also silvered. Columns stood at the corners, and from them was suspended a magnificent baldachin. At the foot of each column on the platform there stood a general. The coffin rested on a bier covered with black velvet. Over the coffin there was a great silver pall bordered with gold.

Behind the hearse came the czar and the imperial household. They were followed by the King of Greece and by the Prince of Wales. Then came a long line of gowned dukes and princes, followed by their various military suites. After the latter marched a detachment of grenadiers, and following the grenadiers came the imperial carriages with the ladies of the imperial and royal families. The other mourning carriages contained all of the royal and titled ladies who have journeyed from Livadia with the body. After the carriages came thousands of troops of all armies, who brought up the rear of the procession. The multitudes along the route bowed reverently, crossing themselves. The draped gas lamps along the route shed a sickly light, which, combined with the mist, made it a very depressing spectacle.

At the cathedral a short service was held. The hearse arrived at the cathedral a few minutes past two o'clock. The czar and other Russian imperial persons and foreign princes carried the coffin into the church. The metropolitan of St. Petersburg then conducted an impressive service.

St. Petersburg, Nov. 15.—Weather clear and cold. A large number of royal personages have arrived from different parts of Europe to attend the obsequies of the late czar. Lines of people are constantly surging into the cathedral to look into the face of the dead emperor. Recent rain spoilt some of the decoration but all are being rapidly replaced.

The Eastern War.

Yokohama, Nov. 15.—Dispatches say that the land forts at Port Arthur, comprising the defences in the rear, are much stronger than the seaward forts and guns. The Japanese expect that if the Chinese make any defence of these positions the engagement will be a sanguinary one.

A Chemulpo dispatch says the officials of the Corean government, whose tendencies are pro-Japanese, are framing a constitution to be issued at the beginning of 1895.

A Tientsin dispatch says it is reported that Colonel von Hanneken has been put in complete command of the Chinese navy.

ADVANCE OF JAPANESE ARMS

Latest Mail Advices From the War in Far East—New Chinese War Loan.

Some Diplomatic Questions News Brought by the N. P. Liner Sikh.

The Northern Pacific steamship Sikh, which arrived here last night, brought Yokohama advices to October 30 as follows:

General Yama's army left Japan on October 18th. The number of troops was estimated at a little more than twenty thousand. They filled nearly twenty transports, and five hundred flat bottomed boat accompanied the flotilla to facilitate the landing. On October 24th the east coast of the Liau-tung peninsula was reached. A considerable part of the force was put on shore at a point supposed to be some forty miles north of Port Arthur and a little north of the fortified town of Kin-chao, or Chinchire, on the opposite coast. The remainder of the army passed around the extremity of the peninsula into the Gulf of Pichili, and toward a destination not yet positively known to the public in Japan. The fleet under Admiral Ito moved simultaneously upon the stations at Port Arthur and Talien. The purpose was to hem in all the Chinese garrisons in the southern part of Liau-tung and compel their surrender, as well as that of Admiral Ting's squadrons. The native troops defending these positions were believed not to exceed eight thousand in number. These facts are telegraphed from Shanghai. The scene of operations is so remote that no direct intelligence has been received by the Japanese government. The mastery of the strongholds which command one side of the entrance to the Gulf of Pichili will give a powerful advantage to Japan, and the possession or destruction of the ships sheltered at Port Arthur will secure her the undisputed control of the Chinese waters; but the capture of a large body of soldiers will be only a burden, which would be gladly avoided were it possible.

General Yamagata's army has signalized its advance into Manchuria by the seizure of the walled town of Kewleen, or Chiu Lien. The attack was so feebly met that the encounter could scarcely be called a battle. The crossing of the Yalu river was completed on the morning of October 25th, and was followed by a succession of skirmishes, in which the Japanese lost seventy killed and wounded. Kewleen fell October 26th. The defending force was estimated variously at from ten to sixteen thousand, all of whom ran away at the first onset of the assailants. The Japanese casualties were about twenty killed and eighty wounded. Of the Chinese two hundred were reported killed. The spoils were of great value, including thirty large cannon, thousands of small arms, abundance of ammunition, three hundred tents and quantities of provisions and fodder. The assault was led by Colonel Sato. The fugitives are expected to rally at Hong-whong, a fortified city on the road to Moukden, and a little more than half way between that ancient capital and Kewleen. There a strong force is understood to be gathered. Particulars of the movements in Manchuria are obtained with difficulty, owing to the excessive sensitiveness of the Japanese authorities to the charges of disseminating false news which have been brought against them abroad. From the beginning of the war they have steadily refused to issue bulletins until after receiving official assurances of the accuracy of every fact announced. All applicants for information in Tokio can testify to the extreme caution exercised; and now that the government has been accused of circulating falsehoods, it is next to impossible to elicit any information whatever.

Before leaving Hong Kong on her homeward trip the Empress of China signified her readiness to take a hand in the fighting, if necessary, by shipping her guns from the storehouses of the Canadian Pacific.

Advices from Shanghai announce that the Chinese have secured from the Hong Kong and Shanghai bank a loan of ten million taels at 7 per cent. With this money several ships of Chili's navy are to be purchased, if the present intention is carried out. It is reported that two wealthy Tientsin merchants have united to make up a fund of one million taels, the repayment of which, with interest, is secured by the customs department. The viceroys of several provinces are said to have declared their readiness to supply the amounts at which they have been variously assessed, ranging from four to ten million taels. For the first time in Chinese history, it is stated, these sums are eventually to be refunded and interest allowed. Hitherto the provincial rulers have been compelled to fill the imperial treasury without hope of other remuneration than the bestowal of increased rank upon the provincial officials concerned. The circumstance that they now venture to demand that these advances be considered a loan instead of a gift, is held to be significant of the central government's waning authority. But, however obtained, the Tsung-li-Yamen is elated at the prospect of amassing one hundred and twenty-five million taels before the end of the year, that being the promised total.

The exodus of foreigners from Pekin continues. The British minister has peremptorily ordered his countrymen to leave, and if any aliens remain it will be without the sanction of their diplomatic representatives, who do not undertake to guarantee their safety. Not foreigners alone, but great numbers of wealthy natives are forsaking their homes and seeking shelter in the cities nearer the coast. Even Tientsin and Cheefoo are considered undesirable places of abode, and hundreds of families are on their way to Shanghai. The only European in Chinese service who still lingers at Pekin is Sir Robert Hart, the chief of the customs staff, and he, it is said, will cling to his post to the last extremity.

English newspapers in China state positively that the wounded who returned to Port Arthur from the battle off Tai-kosan have received absolutely no surgical assistance. One doctor in Tientsin was telegraphed for on the arrival of the ships, and though he signified his willingness to start at once the authorities refused to provide the medical stores and appliances which he required, and as without these his services would be of no avail he did not go. The captain of a foreign steamer engaged in carrying coal to Port Arthur reports that scores of injured men are lying exposed and uncared for and surrounded by unburied dead. While he was unloading his cargo a panic was caused by the announcement that the Japanese were approaching, and the exhibition of cowardice that ensued is thus described:

"Every inch of space was taken up with Chinese officers and men both from the fleet and from the forts, who came on board and insisted on being taken to Taku whether I wished or not. Vice-Admirals, post captains, lieutenants, engineers, and petty officers and men from the fleet, hustled and jostled with generals and colonels, majors and captains and every grade of petty officer, and the rank and file of the land forces, for berths on the steamer, as long as they were taken away from the place, which they momentarily expected to be attacked. Many of the officers from the forts had their wives and families with them, and paid for their passage with diamond rings and valuables."

Several American newspapers express the opinion that the proposed treaty between the United States and Japan is delayed by the unwillingness of the latter power to agree to restrictions upon the emigration of her subjects. This is an error. The imperial government regards the question as of no importance, for the reason that few Japanese show any dispositon to leave their native land. The country is not at all overcrowded and more than half of the land capable of cultivation is still unoccupied. The only emigration has been of some fifteen thousand laborers to Hawaii, and the conditions which tempt the poorer classes of peasants to better their fortunes there for a while do not exist elsewhere. There is not the slightest likelihood that any considerable number of Japanese will seek a home in America, but if the United States authorities desire to introduce a restrictive clause in the treaty Japan will make no opposition to any reasonable provision. At the same time, much surprise is felt at the changed attitude of the United States government. Invariably friendly until the incoming of the present administration, it now manifests a singular alienation, which is observed in such incidents as the unmerited accusation of the secretary of state with reference to "the levying of war upon a feeble and helpless nation;" the same official's order to the consul-general at Shanghai requiring him to deliver up two Japanese against whom no offence had been proved to certain death, and the undue postponement of the treaty in spite of Japan's repeated solicitations for revision.

The young Corean prince Wi-hwa will visit the principal cities of Japan before returning home. He is about twenty years of age, and is exceptionally clever and well educated. Excellent results are expected from his brief sojourn in the empire. Though an illegitimate son according to western laws, he holds a favored position in the Corean court, greatly to the dissatisfaction of the queen, who hated his mother and put an end to her influence over the king long ago by the simple process of causing her to be assassinated. Her tragic death appeared to increase the king's affection for her child. Notwithstanding this monarch's weakness in domestic, as in public affairs, he has succeeded in guarding Wi-hwa from the spite of his consort, and unless overborne by inimical palace intrigues, will secure for him the succession to the throne. The prince examines with keen interest all the paraphernalia of war in the neighborhood of Hiroschima, and has distributed one hundred yen among the patients in the hospital at that place. He remains in Japan only a few weeks, and will return home in the same ship that brought him—a little steamer of 400 tons; one of the three that belong to the Corean government. The other two are of 500 and 200 tons respectively.

A diplomatic question will presently be brought forward for consideration by the governments of the United States and Japan. By American usage all sailors serving in American merchant vessels are held subject to United States jurisdiction, no matter what their nationality may be, or where the ship may be stationed. This claim is not only theoretically maintained, but has been practically put in force. An Englishman who committed a murder on an American vessel in Yokohama was tried before the United States Consul-General, and the supreme court at Washington subsequently decided that the accused was properly subject to United States jurisdiction. The governor of the Kanagawa district, in which Yokohama is situated, now asks the central government for information as to whether this position will be recognized by Japan in the case of offenses committed by Japanese seamen on American ships within the limits of the empire. The foreign office answers that all Japanese seamen and foreigners not belonging to a treaty power, who are charged with offences on any merchant ships while in Japan, must be tried before the native courts, and that the right of the United States authorities to deal with them cannot be admitted.

A severe earthquake occurred in the northern provinces of the main island of Japan on Oct. 22. Several violent shocks followed one another in quick succession for 36 minutes. Many hundreds of houses were thrown down, or consumed by fire, and more than 300 persons were killed. The town of Sakata was almost entirely destroyed. An eruption of Mount Chokai, a volcano situated in the disturbed district and supposed to be extinct, is also reported.

A great arsenal is to be established at Kure, near Hiroshima, and to be completed within six months, at an estimated cost of one million yen.

Three thousand six hundred bandages in rolls have been made by the ladies of the court, under the direction of the empress, for the wounded of the army, and 2400 for the navy.

Count Arima has contributed 5000 yen to the army fund and 3000 yen toward the support of families in his province whose bread-winners are serving in the war.

The hardy fishermen of Japan now look upon the Corean waters as free from danger. They pursue their calling on both sides of the peninsula, and a fleet of one hundred boats has just left Choshia for the Tai-tong, on Daido river.

Lafcadio Hearn, the American novelist, has emerged from his seclusion in the interior of Japan, and is editing an English newspaper in Kobe.

Major-General Orme, of the British army, now visiting Japan for purposes of military observation, has made an inspection of the Red Cross hospital in which the Chinese prisoners are lodged. He was struck with the generous treatment they received. Their bed clothes had wadding of fine cotton, and their food consisted of meat, fowl and other nutritious substances. Every man was provided even with a tooth brush and tooth powder. Here are some of the questions he asked the prisoners, with their answers. Q.—How do you feel here as prisoners? A.—We are only grateful for this unexpected treatment. Q.—Yes, what a difference from your country, where prisoners are treated with the utmost cruelty! It is fortunate for you that you have as an enemy a merciful, civilized country like Japan. Shall you not bear it well in mind? A.—When we were unfortunately wounded and taken prisoners, we had expected to be cruelly treated and finally quartered. We shall indeed never forget this kind treatment. Q.—You are here kindly treated; were you ever so well treated in your own army? A.—We have never been medically treated in our army. Q.—Why, are there no surgeons in your armies? A.—There are surgeons but they are not attached to the armies and they charge fees for treatment; and as we have no money, we could not receive medical treatment. The general inquired if the Chinese were permitted to write home. He was told there would be no objection, but only a few were able to write, and none had expressed a wish to do so. On examining their injuries he found that they had been wounded with sword, bayonet, or shot from behind, showing that they were caught after they had taken to their heels. There was only one exception. He had been shot in the breast. He was a strongly built and fierce-looking man, and different in aspect from the rest of the prisoners.

The following report of the emperor's daily occupations at Hiroshima is given by a member of the Imperial household. His Majesty rises at six every morning, and dressing himself in uniform, takes his seat on a camp chair and attends to military and other important affairs until breakfast time. This meal concluded he resumes his labors until noon when a short interval for luncheon is allowed. He has only one room of twenty mats (about 15 by 24 feet), in which he attends to business, takes his meals and sleeps. There is only the one chair in his room, and though advised by his chamberlains to make use of more comfortable seats he continues to use the old one. At about 4 p.m. he takes a bath, undressing himself with his own hands, after which he again dons his uniform and dines. He then takes up work again, which is continued until supper. Having many matters still to attend to, he does not retire to bed as a rule till past midnight. Since His Majesty has taken up his headquarters at Hiroshima he has left his room only three times: first, when he visited Kure; second, when the prizes taken at the battle of Phyong-yang were arranged for his inspection near the corridor of his room; and third, when he personally conducted the opening ceremony of the extraordinary session of the diet. The court physicians frequently advise him to take exercise but he disregards all such remonstrances. Fortunately his strong constitution stands this unusual strain well, and he is as healthy and hearty as ever.

The public subscriptions to the army fund now exceed two million yen. The wealthy nobles have of late been the largest contributors, but a few commoners have rivalled them in munificence, a merchant of Kobe, named Wakao, giving 7000 yen to the army and 3000 yen to the navy. The banking house of Mitsui has volunteered to construct a thoroughly appointed arsenal, at any place which the government may select.

Much indignation has been excited among the Japanese by the discovery of a telegram sent from Yokohama to London and published in European and American newspapers, calling for a gunboat to be dispatched for the protection of British subjects, whose lives are alleged to be in danger. The only possible purpose of such a telegram is to wantonly throw discredit upon Japan. The lives and property of foreigners in Yokohama, and througout the empire, were never safer than at present. Even the Chinese residents pursue their occupations undisturbed, confident in the good faith of the government and the orderly habits of the people.

The most popular dramatic performances in Japan are those which represent events of the war. One theatrical company, aiming at literal fidelity with a devotion worthy of the immortal Crummles, has gone in a body to Corea, there to study campaigns and battles directly from life and truth.

Broken in Health

That Tired Feeling, Constipation and Pain in the Back

Appetite and Health Restored by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Mr. Chas. Steele
St. Catherine's, Ont.

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:

"For a number of years I have been troubled with a general tired feeling, shortness of breath, pain in the back, and constipation. I could get only little rest at night on account of the pain and had no appetite whatever. I was that tired in my limbs that I gave out before half the day was gone. I tried a great number of medicines but did not get any permanent relief from any source until, upon recommendation of a friend, I purchased a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which made me feel better at once. I have continued its use, having taken three bottles, and

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

I Feel Like a New Man.

I have a good appetite, feel as strong as ever I did, and enjoy perfect rest at night. I have much pleasure in recommending Hood's Sarsaparilla." CHARLES STEELE, with Erie Preserving Co., St. Catherine's, Ontario.

Hood's Pills are prompt and efficient, yet easy in action. Sold by all druggists. 25c.

DRY GOODS.

Argyle House.

83 Douglas St.

SOME REAL BARGAINS!

We have bought a manufacturer's lot of Sample Umbrellas at a discount of 30 per cent. so we can sell you cheap Umbrellas.

. . . ALSO . . .

A manufacturer's lot of sample carpets. We can give you pieces of Carpet worth $1.50 for 50c.

A Complete Stock in Every Department at Reasonable Prices.

J. Horner & Co.

Maternity Home

(LATE SAMARITAN.)

Removed to 100 Johnson Street. Applicants please apply at the Home, or Mrs. Higgins, Cadboro Bay Road, or Mrs. Flumerfelt, Gorge Road.

GROCERIES.

CASH!

GO TO JOHNS BROS., FOR

FLOUR,
BRAN,
SHORTS,
CHOP, WHEAT,
ETC.

Best in Quality and Lowest in Prices.

261 DOUGLAS ST.,
Cor. Kings Road.

CAN'T KICK AT THIS,
and they wouldn't if they could. When you can get our XXX Flour for $4.40 a barrel; X Flour, 95c. per sack; Snowflake, $1.00 per sack; Lion Flour, $3.75 per barrel; Ogilvie's Flour, $4.50 per barrel. We lower prices, but we never lower quality.

R. H. JAMESON,
Red Front Store, 33 Fort St.

SNOWFLAKE FLOUR

For FAMILY Use
IS THE BEST.
Ask Your Grocer for it. Have no other
Manufactured by
RED CROWN ROLLER MILLS,
ALBANY, OREGON.

VICTORIA RICE MILLS
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62, 64 & 66 Store St., Victoria.

UNDERTAKERS.

CHAS. HAYWARD
(Established 1867.)

Funeral Director and Embalmer
Government Street, Victoria.

Read This

List and compare it with others, you will then find the advantage in price and terms of calling on

LEE & FRASER,
11 Trounce Avenue

15 acres, good land, near city, dwelling, outbuildings and fine orchard, 12 acres cleared; price, $2700.
3 acres Ross Bay, all improved, with dwelling for $2500.
1 corner lot, Dudley avenue; price, $500, easy terms.
1 lot Fernwood road, good location for building; only $475.
1 lot, Edward street, 60x132; planted in fruit trees; $650.
Also good list of farms from $25 to $100 per acre.

Just arrived, first car of new season's curing Griffin's Celebrated Winnipeg Meats.

EASTERN PORK AND PROVISION STORE.

13 & 14 City Market, opposite Broad St. Also, fifty small tubs Fall Creamery and Choice Dairy Butter. oc25-1mo

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND THANKSGIVING EVENT

VICTORIA THEATRE

Wednesday, Thursday.. **Nov. 21 and 22,**

THE VICTORIA AMATEUR.........

MINSTRELS,

Under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieutenant-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney.

For the Benefit of the Victoria Lacrosse Club

A Festival of Mirth and Melody.

The Latest Catchy Songs—Sprightly Dances.

Grand Chorus of 35—Full orchestra of 10 Pieces.

The Serpentine Dance—The Great Cake Walk.

The Latest Furore, "Polly McGilligan's Band" (by special permission of Thatcher's Minstrels).

Look out for the Street Parade. Prices—$1, 75c., 50c., and 25c. Reserved seats at Jamieson's. n12

A.O.U.W. Hall, Yates St.,

Finest and best equipped Hall in the city for Concerts, Balls and Socials. Fine Stage, Large Gallery, Absolutely fireproof, Properly Ventilated, Electric Lights, also Lodge Rooms. Apply Capt. J. D. Warren, 6 Trounce avenue.

DEFECTIVE STAMPS.

Effect of Putting Inexperienced Men at the Head of Departments.

New York, Nov. 14.—The Times Washington special says: "The prospect of having 300,000,000 or more defective postage stamps returned to them with the accompanying notice that the country will not use them, is causing the chief of the bureau of engraving and printing, and his aid, much vexation of spirit. In the last few days the post-office department has authorized postmasters who have complained of defective stamps to return all such stamps to the department. As nearly every postmaster in the country has made such a complaint, it is expected that the mails of the next few days will be loaded with specimens of the bureau's unsuccessful attempt at stamp making. These stamps of course will have to be destroyed. A few months ago the bureau of engraving and printing received the contract from the postmaster-general for printing the government stamps. The American Bank Note Company had for years held the contract and had established a reputation for artistic work. When C. M. Johnson, of Kentucky, became chief of the bureau of engraving and printing he conceived the idea that the bureau might print the stamps and effect a great saving to the government. At the proper time he submitted a bid which was so much lower than that of the American Bank Note Company that the Postmaster-General, after satisfying himself that the bureau was properly equipped to do the work, awarded it the contract, at the uniform rate of five cents per thousand stamps. Several experts who had been employed by the American Bank Note Company were brought to Washington to work on the stamp contract and the government ordered its stamp inspector, Dr. Davis, to make his headquarters at the bureau and inspect the work. It is said that Dr. Davis soon found that the bureau chiefs thought that they knew all about the art of producing stamps and displayed a decided disinclination to accept any advice. "From the very first," said one who is acquainted with the facts, "the bureau people seemed unwilling to profit by the experience of the American Bank Note Company, which was largely at their disposal. They assumed that no particular skill was required to produce just as good stamps as the government had ever used and seemed to resent the efforts of the government inspector to have the work carried along on well established lines. At first they astonished the paper maker, who had furnished paper to the Bank Note Company and whose years of experience had shown him that a peculiar grade of paper was required for postage stamps, one that would not absorb too much mucilage or ink. This quality of paper was furnished for some time. Eventually the bureau people concluded that it was too expensive and they used a cheaper grade with the results that the stamps showed a tendency to curl when subjected to a high temperature. About this time the troubles of the bureau began. The ink was off color, stamps would curl and the mucilage would not stick. Although the report of the chief would indicate that the affairs of the bureau had progressed smoothly, it is a fact that since it began work on the postage stamp contract, it has been almost continually in hot water and has made some very serious blunders." It is not expected that all of the defective stamps will be returned for the reason that many persons will prefer to keep those they now have, applying mucilage to them, rather than go to the trouble of taking them back to the postoffice.

DISCOVERY IN SOUTH AFRICA.

Archeological Possibilities of the New Land.

The time has almost arrived for some new archeological discoveries. Nearly half a century has passed since Stephens startled the world with his revelations of Central American antiquities, and a period equally long has lapsed since Layard set explorers on the track of the buried treasures of Babylon and Nineveh. Before the nineteenth century closes there should be an excitement over some new find.

The indications are that it will occur in South Africa. In a late number of the Revue des Deux Mondes, M. Hallez gives his reasons for believing that Mashonaland is going to be the theatre of startling discoveries. Over twenty years ago a German traveller—Herr Carl Mauch—visited a place called Zimbabye, where there is a ruined fortress which he took to be an exact copy of Solomon's temple at Jerusalem, and he inferred that this was the Ophir of the Bible, or the Sheba where Solomon's friend reigned. Herr Mauch's theories have been shaken by more recent observations by Theodore Bent; but the fact remains that there are ruins in this neighborhood far beyond the capacity of the Mashonas or other modern tribes to erect. There is at Zimbabye one elliptic and labyrinthine ruin which is surrounded by a wall 35 feet high and 16 feet thick at the base. From the main entrance a long narrow passage leads between lofty walls of granite to a sacred enclosure, in which there seems to have stood a furnace for the reduction of gold. The walls appear to have bristled with monoliths and round towers, tall weird birds of stone and huge decorated bowls—the whole being dedicated to phallic worship. As yet no hieroglyphics or engraved plates have been found.

The savants of the French Academy of Inscriptions are cherishing a hope that evidence may be obtained to show that Egyptian civilization was cradled here, and that this was in reality the Ophir from which Egypt, Syria and Mesopotamia derived their gold and their jewels. Archaeology has arrived at a hypothetical conclusion to the same effect by the exhaustive process. Gold was abundant throughout Egypt and Mesopotamia; there are not, and from the formation we may safely conclude that there never were, in either region gold mines of any importance; therefore, gold must have been obtained from elsewhere, and it seems more likely that it was got from South Africa than from India. Egyptologists have lately entertained a notion that the original inhabitants of the Nile valley came from Asia, but it is easier to suppose that they drifted north from the lake country round the headquarters of the Nile and from points even further south. It is at least possible that such invasions may have been frequent in the ages which precede history.

South African discoveries would be alluring, because if they are verified they might afford a glimpse of a civilization far anterior to that of Babylon and Nineveh and the pyramids. But if Jerusalem and Memphis and Babylon got their gold from the region we call Mashonaland, there may have been in the latter an organized and wealthy society long before the pyramids were built or the first Egyptian dynasty took its seat on the throne. It goes without saying that a people which could have erected the temple at Zimbabye must have had a language and written or engraved records on clay or metal. The desideratum now is to find some of these. They probably exist. When we get hold of a few and interpret them, as archaeologists easily will do, a new page in the history of the world will be opened.

PLUMPNESS IN WOMEN.

Some Things are Worse Than A Slight Tendency to Obesity.

Do not worry if you happen to be a little above the degree of plumpness in the matter of flesh, says a writer in the Detroit Free Press. We are told of a down East girls who grew morbid over her increasing flesh, and set about reducing her dimensions. She accomplished the attenuation of her full and sweeping proportions in an incredibaly short space of time, but at what a sacrifice! Her glorious head of chestnut hair fell out, leaving but a few locks; her eyes lost their brillancy and strength, and to a great extent their lashes; her once firmly arched, rosy lips became not only pale and flabby, but the prey to a very obstinate sort of eczema; and instead of becoming more "graceful," this foolish girl, who had been by no means unwieldy, barely escaped losing the use of her legs altogether. She was threatened with a very trying disease of the knee-pan, by which it detaches itself, and slips down the leg—an affection commoner than is generally believed, and traceable often to malnutrition and a collapse of the general system.

Corpulency is not desirable; but it is better to become a trifle over-plump if thereby one preserves bloom and freshness. The women of Europe frequently retain their attractiveness of person well into old womanhood; but they generally grow plumper as they grow older.

"Skip the dining-room," Mme. Nellie Melba said one day last winter, speaking about flesh, "and you can weigh what you like. Eating is a fascinating vice. I may go to a dinner or a lunch party with a pledge done up in a £50 note that I will not eat a morsel. Do I? Of course. Nothing but a muzzle or a gag could check my appetite. I can't sing unless I am well; my health is half my talent, and my face and figure depend upon my health and yet I don't trust myself at a dinner table. I know the foods to let alone, and I let them alone. I eat in my own room, and that's my salvation."

The fiery Mlle. Calve weighs probably 160 pounds. She has height enough, however, to carry her flesh, but all that keeps it down is her stoical resistance of temptations. She even denies herself the afternoon tea, and takes only two meals a day—dinner and a breakfast of coffee and roll. Her bedroom occupies a suit—one room for the bed and the other for fresh air. A fire is never made in her apartment. She dislikes society affairs because of the bad atmosphere that prevails. Her theory is that a woman or an artist can live very well on a small quantity of food provided the lungs and the blood have abundant pure air.

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THE "GROTTO"

AND HAVE A BOTTLE OF

MOIGNEAUX ✠ EXTRA ✠ DRY

✠ ✠ 84 CHAMPAGNE ✠ ✠

THE FINEST GOODS IN THE MARKET.

ALMOST A CRIPPLE FOR LIFE.

The Sad Condition of a Little Girl Whose Parents Feared She Was Beyond Hope.

Mr. Horatio N. Robinson, of Mount Pleasant, P. E. I., is one of the most prosperous and progressive farmers on the western part of the island. To a representative of the Summerside Journal Mr. Robinson related how his little daughter Bertha Mabel had been brought back to health and strength. "Some time ago," said Mr. Robinson, "Mabel completely lost the use of her left leg. She could not use it in any manner whatever, and had to be lifted in and out of bed. The doctor seemed at a loss to understand the case, and although very attentive seemed not to be able to do any thing for her. We were very much alarmed, and as she was not getting better we determined to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, of which we had heard so much. Before half a dozen boxes were used she could run about and play without the use of her crutches. She is now lively, eats well and sleeps well and is in the best of spirits, and we are satisfied is far on the way to complete recovery. I am convinced that if we had not used Pink Pills he would have been a cripple for life, if indeed she had survived the illness. Mr. Robinson also told the reporter that his brother, Peter W. Robinson, was last spring greatly debilitated and suffered much from rheumatism. He began taking Pink Pills, and is now as well as ever. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are the greatest blood builder and nerve restorer known to medical science, and cure where other remedies fail. If not kept by your dealer they will be sent post paid on receipt of 50 cents a box or six boxes for $2.50 by addressing the Dr. Williams Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont., or Schenectady, N. Y. Get the genuine; imitations and substitutes are worthless—perhaps dangerous.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.
When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.
When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.
When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

HOTELS, ETC.

NOTICE.

The Hotel Victoria

Now being under the management of Mr. E. Escalet, is being conducted on strictly first-class principles. Everything being in first-class style, especial attention is paid to the cuisine. Every delicacy of the season will be supplied, while the stock of Wines is of the finest French Vintage.

Victoria Metal Works Co.

J. FITZPATRICK,

Sanitary Plumbers,
Steam and Hot Water Engineers.

COPPER, BRASS, TIN AND SHEET IRON WORKERS.

Repairing Bicycles, etc.; also First Class Brazing and general repairing of Tinware. Dealers in New and Second Hand Stoves.

117 FORT STREET.

JUST ARRIVED AT

Weiler Bros.

All Wool Art Squares,
(VARIOUS SIZES.)

Linen Crumb Cloths.
(These will save your Carpets during the Winter

Skin Rugs,
WHITE, GREY AND BLACK.
These Rugs are very cheap and suitable for any room

WEILER BROS.

EVERY LADY WHO
WANTS
UNDERWEAR

and understands what pure wool is and appreciates exquisite finish buys the

"HEALTH BRAND,"

both for herself or children. These goods are made in Vests, Drawers, Tights and Combinations, and are kept by every first-class dry goods store.

THE MONTREAL SILK MILLS COMPANY, Ltd.,
MONTREAL.

EDUCATIONAL.

VICTORIA COLLEGE,

BEACON HILL PARK.

(LATE CORRIG COLLEGE.

The Leading Day and Boarding College for Boys north of San Francisco. Modern and fully equipped college buildings, fronting on the Park and Straits.

First-class Teaching Faculty—British University Graduates. University, Professional Commercial and Modern Courses.

Reasonable fees. Cricket, football, swimming, athletics, etc. For spring term entrance apply

PRINCIPAL J. W. CHURCH, M.A.

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Autumn term begins MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 10th, 1894.

Simpson, Strickland & Co

DARTMOUTH, ENGLAND,

Engineers, Yacht & Launch Builders.

SOLE MAKERS OF

Kingdon's Patent Machinery,

—FOR—

STEAM LAUNCHES,
ELECTRIC LIGHT and
AGRICULTURAL PURPOSES.

We build and completely equip First-class Launches of all descriptions for Lake, Sea, River and shallow draught work.

OUR SPECIALTIES ARE
First in Economy, Power, Speed and Lightness.

The materials and the workmanship are the best.

Write for catalogue and price list.

STALE ADS. ARE AS BAD AS STALE NEWS. NONE HERE.

LEGAL NOTICES.

FINAL NOTICE.

Re Estate William H. Paine, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all creditors and persons having any claims against the estate are hereby required to send in the particulars thereof to the undersigned on or before the 5th day of December, next; and notice is hereby given that after that day the executors will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have notice, and that he will not be liable for the assets or any part thereof so distributed to any person of whose debt or claim he shall not then have had notice.

Dated at Victoria this 5th day of November, 1894.

S. PERRY MILLS,
46 Langley Street.
Solicitor for John Graham Cox, the executor.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting to be held in December for a transfer to John P. Schmidt of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail on the premises known as the Nickle Plate Saloon at No. 85 Government street, Victoria.

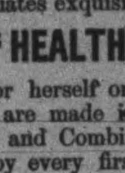
Victoria, November 12th, 1894.

THOMAS GARVIN.

Dentists' Notice.

We, the undersigned dentists of Victoria, agree to close our respective offices on Saturday afternoons after one o'clock throughout the year: A. C. West, A. E. Verrinder, D. J. Quinlan, T. J. Jones, Findley & Baker, S. G. Clemence, Lewis Hall, A. Humber, S. M. Hartman, H. P. Moody. a8-1m

PENNYROYAL WAFERS.



A specific monthly medicine for ladies to restore and regulate the menses producing free, healthy and painless discharge. No aches or pains on approach. Now used by over [illegible] ladies. Once used will use again. Invigorates these organs. Buy of your druggist only those with our signature across face of label. Avoid substitutes. Sealed particulars mailed [illegible] box. Address, EUREKA CHEMICAL COMPANY, [illegible]

VETERINARY.

S. F. TOLMIE, VETERINARY SURGEON, Graduate Ont. Vet. Col., Member Ont. Vet. Med. Soc. (Late with Dr. John Wende, V.S., Buffalo, N.Y.) Office at Bray's Livery, 109 Johnson Street. Telephone 182; residence telephone 417, Victoria, B.C.

ARCHITECTS.

JNO. TEAGUE, ARCHITECT. Has removed to new offices corner of Broad street and Trounce avenue.

PHYSICIANS.

DR. ALBERT WILLIAMS, Late of London, Eng. General family and obstetric practice, with special attention to diseases of children and diseases of the chest and stomach. Over twenty-five years' professional experience. Many years a member of the British Homoeopathic Society, British Gynoecological Society and Pathological Society of London. Dr. Williams may be consulted at all hours at his office and residence 94 Pandora, near Quadra street, city. Telephone 153. jul12-tt

LAWYERS

A. L. BELYEA,
Barrister and Solicitor,

Rooms 4 and 5, Board of Trade Building, Bastion Square, Victoria, B. C.

SCAVENGERS.

PETER HANSEN, CITY SCAVENGER. Yards and cesspools cleaned by contract or monthly. Prompt attention given to all orders, and prices reasonable. Orders left at Dixi Ross & Co.'s and Robert Porter's, Island Market, Johnson and Douglas streets. Residence, Discovery street, between Government and Douglas. Telephone 184.

JULIUS WEST, GENERAL SCAVENGER, successor to John Dougherty. Yards and cesspools cleaned, contracts made for removing earth, etc. All orders left with Jas. Fell & Co., Fort street, grocers; Cochrane & Munn, corner Yates and Douglas streets, will be promptly attended to. Residence, 50 Vancouver St.

SOCIETIES.

B. C. PIONEER SOCIETY. The Hall of the above society in Musgrave Block, Broad street, is open daily from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m., for the convenience of the Pioneers and their friends, who are cordially invited to visit the rooms.

ANCIENT ORDER FORESTERS. Court Vancouver No. 57.3, A. O. F., meets 1st and 3rd Mondays in each month in Foresters' Hall, Government street. Visiting brothers are invited. SIDNEY WILSON, Sec.

VICTORIA-COLUMBIA LODGE, No. 1, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communications the first Thursday in each month, at Masonic Temple, cor. Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. C. DUBOIS MASON, Sec.

VANCOUVER & QUADRA LODGE, No. 2, A. F. & A. M., B.C.R. Regular communication the third Wednesday in each month, at Masonic Temple, corner Douglas and Fisguard streets. Sojourning brethren cordially invited. R. A BROWN, Sec.

ST. ANDREW'S AND CALEDONIAN Society meets in their own Hall, Blanchard street on the first Friday of every month. All scotchmen are invited to join. E. C. SMITH, Sec.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A. & W. WILSON, PLUMBERS AND GASFITTERS, Bell Hangers and Tinsmiths. Dealers in best descriptions of Heating and Cooking Stoves, Ranges, etc. Shipping supplied at lowest rates. Broad street, Victoria, B. C. Telephone call 129

DENTISTRY.

DR. A. C. WEST
Surgeon Dentist,
Office Rooms: 1, 2 & 3, Adelphi Block Corner Yates and Government Sts., Victoria, B.C.

Dr. West calls particular attention to the Chase Metallic Roof Plate, which is the best denture ever devised and for which he is the sole licensee for B. C. Its points of superiority are—lightness, strength, conductivity, and perfect adaptation, thus giving it all the advantages of an all gold plate with none of its disadvantages, and at a price within the reach of all. To examine a specimen plate will convince at once the truth of the above assertions. All dental work performed carefully and skilfully. Teeth extracted absolutely without pain by the use of a local anaesthetic. my17-d-w

SITUATION WANTED.

WANTED—Sewing by the day by a dressmaker just from Winnipeg; first class work promised. Miss Shepherd, 15 George street. n1-1m

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man holding good references would take charge of a set of books (large or small), do stenographic work and typewriting. Address "Bookkeeper," Times office. oc27-tf

FOR WAITING ON TABLES at balls, weddings, and private parties, or getting up suppers, making tea and coffee, etc., apply to Mrs. Blackmore, 113 Blanchard St., or Watson & Hall, 55 Yates St. o19-1m

FOR SALE

FOR SALE—One horse, 7 years old, weight about 1,600 lbs.; one mare, 6 years old, weight about 1,500 lbs. Apply to H. E. Moller, 33 Constance St., City, at Sayward Mill Co.'s yard. n10-2w

FOR SALE—165 acres having half a mile frontage on Sproat Lake, Alberni, 20 acres good bottom land, remainder good fruit land, no rock. Price reduced from $1,600 to $700. Also 200 acres good agricultural land near Alberni townsite, reduced to $3 per acre on any terms to suit purchaser. A. W. More & Co., 70 Douglas St.

MEETINGS TO BE HELD.

Liberal Meeting

The Victoria Liberal Association will meet at Philharmonic Hall, Fort Street, on FRIDAY Evening, 16th inst., at 8 o'clock, for the purpose of considering the selection of candidates.

J. T. BETHUNE,
Secretary.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

NURSING by a competent woman; charges very moderate. Apply 113 Chatham St. n3

JEWELERS, ETC.

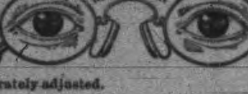
W. J. STODDART,
Practical Watchmaker and Jeweler
New York Hotel Building, Yates St.

Watches cleaned, 75 cts; Best Mainsprings 75 cts; Pivoting Wheels, 75 cts; Staffs and Pinions, $1.25; Clocks Cleaned, 50 cts. Jewelry repaired on short notice, on premises, at very low figures.

S. A. STODDART,
The New Watchmaker and Jewellier,
68½ Yates Street.

Cleans Watches thoroughly for 75c.
New Main Spring, 75c.
Balance and Pallet Staffs, $1.25.
And guarantees all work for 12 months.
Practical experience of over 25 years.

Waltham Stem Wind Watches from $5.



Accurately adjusted.

F. W. NOLTE & CO.,
The Only Opticians, 37 Fort Street.
VICTORIA, B. C.

The Daily Times.

WHITEWAYITES TRIUMPH.

Newfoundland's political affairs have taken on a new aspect. A few weeks ago it was generally supposed that the Whiteway party was completely discredited and hopelessly dispersed to the four winds. There appeared not the slightest prospect of its rehabilitation, at least during the life of the present legislature. But matters have taken a new turn, the Whitewayites have, for the last few days been winning nearly all the bye-elections, and now the Goodridge government has a certain prospect of facing a hostile majority when the house meets. The results of the elections in Placentia and in the capital seem to have made the opposition sure of being able to outvote the government and turn it out of office. In Newfoundland the disqualification of members for corrupt practices continues only during the life of the legislature to which they were elected, therefore, if a dissolution can be secured Sir William Whiteway and his old colleagues will be again eligible for re-election and for office. If the Goodridge government is defeated, as now appears certain, the successful opposition will be able to force an immediate dissolution, and the reinstatement of the Whiteway government would inevitably follow. When Sir William and his followers can win nearly all the bye-elections under such circumstances as now exist they will be pretty sure of winning at the general election, since they will be able to bring their full force into the field. Nor will they have the temptation to employ the corrupt practices which brought them disaster in the previous campaign, even if they should not have gained a wholesome dread of the law from their past experience. Therefore, as matters now stand it may be fully expected that the "Ancient Colony" will soon again have a government led by Sir William Whiteway or one of his prominent sympathizers. The dispatches do not state the causes of this reaction in favor of the lately defeated and discredited party, but from private and public letters coming from St. John's the main cause appears to be opposition to federation with Canada, which is supposed to be a prominent part of the Goodridge government's policy. Mr. Morine, the most prominent of Premier Goodridge's colleagues, is a Nova Scotian who went to Newfoundland some ten or twelve years ago and has always been known as a warm advocate of confederation. It may be remembered that he returned to Nova Scotia two or three years ago and was a candidate for the House of Commons in Queen's County, where he employed the same corrupt arguments that the Whiteway party used in Newfoundland. Apparently confederation was the issue in the bye-elections, the result of which shows that the Newfoundlanders are not yet ready to join hands with Canada, whatever they may do in the future. As a matter of fact, the benefits to accrue to either Canada or Newfoundland from confederation have not been so clearly made out that it can have many honest advocates in either country. The arguments so far used to support the project are largely of the "Jingo" order.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

"All the weavers employed in the Toronto Carpet Company's works went out on strike yesterday owing to a reduction in wages. Their places have been filled by men imported from Amsterdam, N. Y." So says a Toronto dispatch. Ontario's capital is one of the strongholds of protectionism, and one of the chief arguments employed by its supporters there, as elsewhere, is that it is bound to "keep up wages."

The Patrons of Industry have formally announced through their representative central body that they will not unite with either of the old political parties or with the McCarthyites, but will remain entirely apart and independent. They may possibly hold the balance of power in the next House of Commons, as they do now in the Ontario legislature, in which event an interesting situation will be created. On the all-important trade issue the Patron platform is almost at one with that of the Liberals, and on minor issues they also agree with the Liberal and antagonise the Conservative policy. Therefore, if they should hold the balance of power in the house they will vote with Mr. Laurier and his followers against the government. The government and its sympathizers evidently realize this, for the Empire pathetically appeals to the Patrons not to hold to their tariff plank and charges them with being "inclined to overlook the value to them of the manufacturing industries as affording a near market at cash prices for their most important products, a market, too, which is secured to them by protective duties." At which the Patrons will be inclined to laugh consumedly.

EVICTIONS FROM VIEW STREET.

To the Editor:—Permit me to say a few words with regard to one of the subjects discussed before a meeting of the board of aldermen last Saturday, namely, the removal of what are termed "women of ill repute" from View street. Would it not be more consistent with the view that they are a "necessary evil," if, instead of hunting them from post to pillar as is now the case, that a portion of the city should be set apart for their special use? Why make life harder for the victims of what would appear to be at present an unalterable state of affairs, and whose lives cannot at any time be a paradise. We have to accept facts as they now exist and I maintain that if those women are necessary for the well-being of society they are also deserving of the consideration of the community at large.

S. L. W.

QUANTITY VERSUS QUALITY.

To the Editor: In these days of enlightenment it behooves us all to take an interest in educational matters. I should be really grateful if some one would throw a light on the subject of crowding in our public schools. I speak of one case that has come under my notice lately. In one room there are 74 children and 44 in a class. Now can one young woman, however highly gifted she may be, hope to work for the children's advantage or to her own satisfaction under such circumstances?

INQUIRER.

B. I. & F. V. RAILWAY.

An English Syndicate Contracts to Build the Road.

Tacoma, Nov. 13.—It is announced that an English syndicate has contracted to build the Fraser Valley & Burrard Inlet railway, fifty-one miles long, from Sumas, Wash., to Vancouver, B. C., providing the city of Vancouver gives the promised subsidy of $550,000 and grants an extension of one year's time, or to December 31, 1895, in which to build the road. The line was to be finished by December 31 next, but the business depression prevented it. The arrangement made is that the Englishmen shall take the subsidy and then build, own and operate the road.

By a traffic agreement already provided for, the line will be in reality a branch of the Northern Pacific running into the Canadian Pacific territory, as originally intended. The Northern Pacific's object, it is said, is to cut rates to Vancouver, if the Canadian Pacific railway cuts rates into its territory. If the extension of time is granted the line will be built early in the summer. Over $60,000 has been spent on it to date.

PERSONAL.

H. E. Jackson, Seattle, is at the Oriental.

J. S. Proctor, St. Paul, is at Hotel Victoria.

G. T. Baldwin, Vancouver, is a guest at the Driard.

G. F. Watson, Toronto, is registered at the Driard.

Mrs. L. McGovern, Tacoma, registered at the New England last night.

Inspector of Fisheries McNab, of Westminster, is staying at the Oriental.

Jno. Leferry came down from Westminster and is quartered at the Oriental.

James Dunsmuir and wife and Miss Dunsmuir leave to-night for San Francisco.

Geo. H. Lippett, of the Zittlasen mills of St. Louis, left for home Tuesday night.

J. Williams, Duncan's, came to town yesterday and is staying at the New England.

Mrs. W. J. Goepel and sons left last night for Nelson where they will spend the winter.

Frederic Steele, Chicago, arrived in the city last night and registered at Hotel Victoria.

Emet B. Jones, J. W. Wallace, Salt Lake City, registered last night at Hotel Victoria.

Purser G. F. Thorndyke, of the Kingston's crew, now on the Seattle, is taking a few day's rest, and Freight Clerk C. V. Lefarge is acting in his place.

Miss S. Cameron and Miss G. Healy left for San Francisco last evening. The latter has been spending the summer with her relatives here, and Miss Cameron goes to spend the winter in California.

Fifty Inch Melton Cloths
And Stanley dress tweeds, fifty cents per yard at Russell & McDonald's.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Award.

THE WHITEWAYITE VICTORY.

The St. Johns Candidates Obtain Unusually Large Majorities.

St. Johns, Nfld., Nov. 14.—The Whitewayites have swept St. Johns overwhelmingly with larger majorities than ever before obtained on this island. In St. Johns East the two Whitewayite candidates were elected, having majorities of about one thousand each. In St. Johns West three Whitewayites were elected with equally large majorities. A serious element was added to the political situation by the knowledge that Newfoundland bonds fell several points upon the foreign exchange upon receipt of the news of the Whitewayite victory. The debt of the colony is very heavy, and it is charged that the Whitewayite party has been mainly instrumental in increasing it. Public work of every description was stopped, the government feeling unable to continue without a reasonable prospect of floating bonds for the amount necessary to cover the expenditures. Railway operations are also suspended owing to the same cause.

'FRISCO'S HORSE SHOW.

Some of the Celebrities of the Turf to be There.

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—The value of the horses to be stalled at Mechanics' pavilion during the progress of the coming horse show will be over $4,000,000. There are 114 classes for which 440 entries have been made. Every great horse breeding establishment in the state but one has given assurance that it will be represented by its most celebrated stock. The exception is Palo Alto, and it is believed that the governor of that famous ranch will yet decide to send the best of its horses to the show for exhibition. According to the rule governing an exhibition of this kind the names of entries will not be published until preparations for the fair are complete. Besides entries in various classes several of the most famous running and trotting kings, past and present, of the American turf, will be on exhibition.

Sir Modred, the greatest sire of thoroughbreds in the United States, whom a quarter million dollars would hardly purchase, will represent Rancho del Paso, and the same great stock farm will send Firenzi, the fleetest mare the American race track has ever known, the famous Tenny and his still greater rival of a few years back, Salvator, to whose credit stands the distinction of having run the fastest mile in the history of turf in all times and countries. Among other thoroughbreds Rey de Carreras and Rey el Santa Anita will be at the show. Flying Jib, the great pacer, was one of the features of the last great horse show in New York, and he will be seen in the exhibition ring here in company with his dam and his sire, the celebrated Algona. Senator L., who recently smashed the world's four-mile trotting record by 40 seconds, Bessie J., W. W. Foote, the great two-year-old, and Directum, king of pacers, will be among the equine celebrities to give distinction to the show which will have on exhibition a galaxy of racers such as has never before been gathered under stable roof.

FIRED ON THE BOATS.

Captain Refuses to Obey the Order of Revenue Officers.

London, Nov. 14.—A dispatch from Sierra Leone, on the west coast of Africa, says: "The master of the British steamer Ambriz recently notified the Liberian officials of Monpovia of his intention to land a cargo at Settra Kroo. The officials forbade him to do so on the ground that Settra Kroo is not a port of entry and it would be a breach of the revenue laws to land a cargo there. The master defied the officials, whereupon a Liberian gunboat fired at the boats landing the steamer's cargo, killing 25 persons."

GUATEMALA AND MEXICO.

No Likelihood of War Between the Two Countries.

San Francisco, Nov. 14.—E. Hookmeyer, who for eight years past has been engaged in coffee growing near San Marco, close to the line between Mexico and Guatemala, is at the Palace. Hookmeyer's interests are on the Guatemalan side. He says he does not think there will be war between the two countries.

"The boundary is something like the region cut up here by the coast range of mountains, and it would be very hard to move an army in it. Besides, as a rule, the country is not valuable enough to fight for. It is near the border line of the Mexican state of Chiapas that I live. South of it is Tobasco and south of it again, on the line, is Campechi. It is all a wild region. As for the people who live along these inside the Guatemalan line they are poor Indians and would make poor fighters. Whenever Guatemala gets into trouble with Salvador or other Central American states she never sees them. In war Guatemala would stand no show against Mexico; she is not big enough, and therefore she does not want war, nor does Mexico either. I am informed that a few of its ranchers got over the alleged line into Mexico and are holding property. When simmered down that is about all that there is in the reports of war between these two countries."

This Pin Cushion FREE

Is your grocer is out of them ask him to send for more.

CHASE & SANBORN'S
SEAL BRAND
SEAL BRAND
COFFEE
CHASE & SANBORN
MONTREAL

This illustration represents a very attractive pocket pin cushion.
Ask your grocer for one.

CHASE & SANBORN,
BOSTON. MONTREAL. CHICAGO.

Wonderful One Dollar Shoes
For men and boys at Russell & McDonald's.

CANADIAN DISPATCHES.

News of Eastern Canada in Short Paragraphs.

The election petition against Dr. G. S. Ryerson, M.P.P. for East Toronto, is to be withdrawn owing to lack of evidence.

Messrs. Perrault & Co., furniture manufacturers, Montreal, have assigned with liabilities of $10,000.

The output of the Dominion Coal Co., this year will exceed 1,000,000 tons. Of this amount 660,049 tons were shipped to Montreal.

Michael Cavanagh, a Windsor laborer, has fallen heir to an estate in Galt worth $30,000. He had to borrow money from the chief of police to pay his railway fare to Guelph.

While James Scott of Barrie, undertaker, was returning to his home from a funeral his horse ran away. He was thrown out of the buggy falling on his head and instantly killed.

Hon. Byron B. Wright, of Susquehanna, Penn., who was re-elected to congress from the Fifteenth district of Pennsylvania, at the recent election, died at Trenton, Ont., of typhoid fever.

T. Gosnell of Winnipeg has decided to accept the position of collector of inland revenue of the new territorial district and will enter upon his duties at once. Mr. Gosnell's headquarters will be at Calgary.

A farmer named Michael Cook, living in Anderdon, has been arrested charged with making counterfeit silver coin. A number of counterfeit silver dollars, moulds, metals and other things useful in making counterfeit coin were found concealed on Cook's premises.

Grave robbers attacked the Sydenham graveyard at Kingston and were caught in the act of stealing the body of Mrs. Shepperd, interred a few days ago. The ghouls were passing out of the cemetery gate when the watchman sent a charge from his rifle into the party. They dropped the corpse and made good their escape, one of the number being wounded. The robbers are known.

Judge McDougall has handed to the Mayor of Toronto his report on the recent investigation into the alleged deal between certain aldermen and tenderers for the establishment of a civic electric lighting plant in that city. The judge finds that Alderman Wm. T. Stewart, chairman of the fire and light committee has been on two occasions wilfully guilty of corruptly accepting a bribe of money from the manager of the Brush Electric Co., of Cleveland, O., for the openly avowed purpose of securing votes, and influence of himself and other aldermen in favor of the acceptance of that company's tender.

—The list of cases that come up for hearing at the fall assizes is as follows: Regina v. Flynn, escape from jail; Regina v. David, theft; Regina v. Jackson and McDonell, keeping a disorderly house; Regina v. George and Ucum, assault; Regina v. Rowbotham, attempted suicide; Regina v. Aheren, theft; Regina v. Hall and Smith, obtaining money under false pretences.

USE
MEXICAN MUSTANG LINIMENT for Man and Beast!

It quickly cures

Cuts, Burns,
Corns, Bruises,
Chilblains, Bunions,
Cracks between the Toes,
Sprains, Piles,
Swellings, Ulcers,
Stiff Joints, Old Sores,
Inflammation of all kinds,
Lame Back, Pimples,
Rheumatism, Pustules,
Caked Breasts, Eruptions,
Diseased Tendons,
Contracted Muscles,
And all Lameness and Soreness.

Langley & Co. Wholesale Agents for B. C.

Sit Now and Avoid Delay

"Coronas" $4.00 per doz., newest and most beautiful style of photo; better and more suitable than Xmas cards. Skene Lowe, Studio 63 Govt. Street.

BRIEF LOCALS.

Gleanings of City and Provincial News in Condensed Form.

—The telegraph wires went down near Nanaimo last night at 8.30 o'clock.

—Somenos lodge, I. O. G. T., donated $16 to the Protestant Orphans' home.

—Cutlery, plated goods, China ornaments, etc., in abundance at Weiler's *

—A meeting of the Y. W. C. T. U. will be held in the Temperance Hall this evening at 8 o'clock.

—There was a meeting of the W. C. T. U. this afternoon, at wihch important business was transacted.

—The general committee in connection with the fall exhibition of the agricultural association will meet in the city hall this evening.

—The total receipts from the charity ball were $457; expenditure, $70.30, leaving a balance of $377.70. The ladies' committee return thanks to those who assisted.

—There will be a sale of work on Saturday at the Refuge Home on Cormorant street. Children's clothing will be offered for sale in abundance. The sale starts at 2 o'clock.

—The steamer City of Seattle brought in 60 tons of freight last night for shipment to Honolulu on the steamship Miowera. It consists principally of millstuffs and was landed at the outer wharf.

—Marcus Wolfe, of Nanaimo, passed through this city last night on his way to Portland in charge of the body of the late Alexander Meyer. The latter had relatives residing in Portland and his body is to be interred there.

—An entertainment was given last night by the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor of the First Presbyterian church to the friends and members of the Y. M. C. A., and a good programme was presented. Refreshments were served.

—The voters of the Oak Bay school district at a meeting held on Tuesday evening approved of the site chosen by the trustees for the erection of a new school house on Fowl bay road. The site is on the east side of Fowl bay road not far from Oak bay avenue. Mr. Eberts, M. P. P., will apply to the government for the purchase of the site and the erection of a school house.

—Rebekah lodge, No. 1, celebrated its anniversary by a social and dance in Odd Fellows' hall, Douglas street, last night. Columbia lodge, No. 2, I. O. O. F. assisted. The programme consited of a recitation by Mr. Graham, a piano solo by Mrs. Duck, a song by Mr. Douglas, some glass music by Mr. Tweedy, a song by Mr. Collins and a song by Mr. J. Hawkes. Refreshments were served by the ladies. Beatty orchestra furnished the music.

—Belle Mitchell, the Seattle woman who robbed William Lawson, the Wellington miner of $255 at Seattle on Sunday, was given a hearing the following day. The evidence was that Lawson had been drinking heavily, and that he undoubtedly was robbed of the money, but the evidence against the woman was purely circumstantial, and as the robbery could be accounted for in many ways, the court dismissed the case against her. Lawson lost only $55, $210 of the sum stolen, together with an English sovereign, having been the property of a friend, William Nicholson. Both men are miners from Wellington, B. C., on the way to San Francisco.

—His Lordship Bishop Lemmens is just back from the west coast missions. He went as far as Clayoquot Sound this trip, making part of the distance on the regular steamer and the rest in canoes attended by Indians. Canoeing on the west coast at this season of the year is not sport, and on one occasion during the trip the party had a close call. His Lordship states there is nothing of much interest going forward with the Indians at present. They made money this season, one tribe which had men on several of the high line schooners clearing $24,000 alone. They are doing considerable building and in some places white men are employed to do carpenter work. The reverend gentleman states that he notices no diminution of numbers. Many children have died of measles and other diseases in the last few years, but the full effect of the mortality will not be noticed until the rising generation supplants the present generation.

—The fire alarm break was located last night. It was at box 51.

—Teeth extracted, 50c. each. Dr. A. Humber, 93 1-2 Douglas street. *

—Tenants of the objectionable houses on View street are beginning to change their location.

—Why cough, while Bronchial Balsam cures coughs and can be obtained at Bowes' drug store, 27 Johnson street? *

—A fine line of razor straps just arrived at Fox's, 78 Government street. Come and learn how to strop your razor. *

—Special facilities for making blank books and doing extra claf and other superior binding at R. T. Williams & Co.'s, 28 Broad street. *

—It's a fact that the B. & H. burners give th egreatest satisfaction. They are fitted to the "new line" of lamps just to hand. Weiler Bros. *

—Caretaker Sutherland, of the old men's home, is preparing a detailed defence to the charges preferred against him by the inmates of that institution. The defence will be submitted to a special meeting of the council this week.

—Sanitary Officer Conlin has dropped prosecution of Young Bros.' breach of the public health by-law. The pigs were removed from the Johnson street sheds the day before the issuance of the summons. They were moved out of town. The case was called and withdrawn in the police court this morning.

—Egremont Villa, Oswego street, the home of Mr. and Mrs. Ben Temple, was surprised and captured by a host of merry-makers last evening, who proceeded to make things lively, the occasion being the celebration of Mrs. Temple's birthday. Dancing and merry-making were indulged in till an early hour this morning.

—A Santa Barbara dispatch says: The crew of the wrecked ship Crown of England have been taken to Santa Monica by the tug Warrior, with the exception of seven men in charge of the wreck. The court of enquiry is to be held at Santa Monica to-morrow or Thursday, after which the crew will be taken north.

—Before the fall you could get along somehow without a wrap, but now that the season is advanced a waterproof, Cape, ulster or jacket is a necessity. To-day you can get a very beautiful garment for very little money at Partridge's Lansdowne house, 86 Yates street, as he is going out of this line. He needs the room for his millinery department. *

—Mr. S. Caspersen, who shipped as purser on the steamer Prince Rupert, has arrived at Vancouver. He states that the steamer did actually start and get as far as Teneriffe, when by a most unexpected message she was recalled and taken back to Falmouth, where she sailed for Plymouth and there paid off. The various reports of her inefficiency appear to have been entirely without foundation, as the run to Teneriffe and back was of a most satisfactory nature, the vessel and her equipment fully meeting requirements, while in point of speed the estimated logging was slightly exceeded. At Plymouth she met with almost universal praise, thousands of the people of that famous old seaport going off to inspect her. While the next commission is not announced, it is generally rumored that the Prince Rupert will soon leave for Halifax, there to ply on one of the many connections of the Canadian Pacific railway.

—Last evening's meeting of the Sons of Erin was unusually interesting, there being a very large attendance of members. Messrs. R. S. Day, James McCorkel and M. Morrissey were elected members and after routine business refreshments were served and a smoking concert held. Mr. Dennis Murphy delivered an oration on "Irishmen Abroad" which was interesting and well delivered. Several selections on the guitar by Mr. McDowell and songs and recitations by members made up a good concert programme. The secretary announced that the following books had been purchased and received by the committee appointed for that purpose: "Ireland Since the Union," by Justin McCarthy; "Two Chapters of Irish History," by T. Dunbar Ingram; "Compendiums of the History of Ireland," by John Reynolds; "The Kingdom of Ireland," by C. G. Walpole; "Songs of Irish Wit and Humor," by A. P. Groves, and "Anecdotes of the Irish Bar."

—It is stated that the agreement between the Canadian Pacific and Great Northern railways, whereby the former used the latter's line into Seattle and the Great Northern used the Canadian line into Vancouver, is to be terminated on January 31st, the Great Northern having given the necessary three months notice. The Canadian Pacific will not have to resort to steamer service between Seattle and Whatcom in order to connect with their Bellingham Bay road, as the Seattle, Lake Shore and Eastern railway connects with the line at Sumas and affords a good communication. The loss of the Great Northern line will therefore, not be severely felt. In fact, it is believed the line in connection with the Lake Shore will be more satisfactory to the Canadian people than the present one. The Great Northern will not lose much by the change, as the road reaches to New Westminster, B. C., at which point they had, previous to entering into the existing agreement, a fair freight and passenger business. On freight business they will have to use to Vancouver, B. C., the Rosalie line to Victoria, and the C. P. N. line from Victoria to Vancouver. In passenger traffic they will probably ticket to New Westminster and transfer to the electric road running to Vancouver.

—The City of Seattle is not expected to arrive to-night until 9 o'clock. She will not leave again before 10.

—A social hop was given at the Four Mile house on Tuesday night by Mrs. George, and over one hundred guests took part.

—The steamer George E. Starr has taken the place of the Rosalie on the Seattle-Victoria route. The Rosalie is receiving a general overhauling on the sound.

—We would rather attract one customer to this store by honest representation than ten by misrepresentation. Cameron, the Cash Clothier, 55 Johnson street. Nov. 15-1t

—Work on the repairing of the steamer City of Kingston goes steadily ahead, and the management of the Albion Iron Works has promised to have her ready for service for Saturday night. Two ribs and two plates broken are being replaced, and the cost of the work will be about $700. The Kingston will go to the Sound on Saturday night or Sunday morning, and will certainly resume her run on Tuesday, if she does not do so on Sunday. Walter Oakes, superintendent of the Puget Sound and Alaska division of the Northern Pacific, will arrive here this evening on the City of Seattle. He comes on business connected with the repairing of the Kingston.

—A telegram was received at Seattle on Tuesday from the treasury department stating that the revenue cutter Richard Rush, now at San Francisco, had been ordered to cruise along the coast northward as far as the west coast of Vancouver island and look for wreckage or survivors from the missing ship Ivanhoe, which sailed for San Francisco on September 27. Captain Peterson, of the schooner Fannie Datard, who reported having sighted a disabled ship answering the description of the Ivanhoe, off Cape Flattery on the morning of September 30, has since stated that he was absolutely certain that there was no one on board the ship he saw, and that in case it was the Ivanhoe she had been deserted. If this surmise is correct the passengers and crew must have either taken to the boats or been picked up by an outward bound ship. In the former case the prevailing winds and currents would almost certainly drive the boats on the west coast of Vancouver island, which is rocky and almost uninhabited except by Indians. It is thought that if those on board the Ivanhoe escaped alive on that coast a thorough search by the Rush would discover them and solve the mystery of the ship's fate and that of her passengers and crew.

Wonderful One Dollar Shoes

For men and girls at Russell & McDonald's, 134 Douglas treet.

MEETING OF THE NATIONS.

Unique and Successful Concert in Aid of Local Charities.

"The Meeting of the Nations" given in A. O. U. W. hall last evening under the direction of W. Edgar Buck afforded a unique and interesting entertainment for the six hundred ladies and gentlemen who attended. Much credit is due Mr. Buck, who managed the concert, and those who assisted him. The Catholic and Protestant orphans' homes, for the benefit of which the concert was given, will both receive handsome donations as the result of the efforts of the ladies and gentlemen who interested themselves. Among those present were the Lieut.-Governor and Mrs. Dewdney and U. S. Consul-General Roberts and Mrs. Roberts.

The entertainment opened with the Russian national air, played as a piano solo by Miss Wey, who acted as accompanist during the evening. Germany was represented by Miss Erb, who sang "Die Wacht am Rhein." Miss Hutcheson sang "The Harp That Once," and made a charming representative of the Emerald Isle, her costume being particularly appropriate. "The Maple Leaf" was sung by Mrs. D. R. Harris. An enthusiastic reception was tendered Miss Agnew, who sang the "Star Spangled Banner," but she had a better opportunity of displaying her vocal and dramatic abilities as Leonora in the prison scene of "Il Trovatore." Mr. Buck and Mr. Pilling also took part in this piece. The honors of France were upheld by Mr. Rene Quentin, who sang "La Marseillaise." The national air of Austria was played as a violin solo by Miss Leiser. Miss Jameson's rendition of "Jessie's Dream" was well received. For England Miss Devereux sang "Rule Britannia" and Mr. Pilling the "Red, White and Blue." Both have good voices. The choruses following each solo were well rendered, and on the whole the concert was a success.

THE SIKH ARRIVES.

Had a Very Rough Passage Over the Pacific.

The Northern Pacific liner Sikh, Captain Rowley, arrived here last night at 8.30 o'clock after a terribly stormy passage across the Pacific from Yokohama. She was out seventeen days, and for the first ten days had rougher weather than the crew ever before saw on the Pacific. Part of the bridge was carried away, the top of one of the ventilators was taken off and the second engineer's cabin forward on the main deck was smashed in. Fortunately no one was hurt, but if the second engineer had been in his room he could not have escaped death. A couple of bulkheads were smashed in, and the force of the water was such that it washed the cloth off the back of a settle in the room.

The ship's trip report is as follows: "The Sikh left Hong Kong October 18, Shanghai October 22, Kobe October 26 and Yokohama October 30. From the last mentioned date until the 10th inst. a succession of strong N.E. gales with heavy cross seas were experienced, but from the 10th on moderate weather was encountered."

The ship brought three saloon passengers, Madame L. le Grande, Miss Kerr and Mrs. Young, and seventeen Chinese in the steerage. Twelve of the latter left the vessel here. The freight for Victoria amounted to four hundred tons, which was all discharged by this morning.

Dress Goods, Bankrupt Stock

Of double width dress goods from ten cents per yard at Russell & McDonald's.

For Sale—30 lots, situate on Cowan and Richmond avenues, Bank, Amphion and Hutton streets, in the healthiest part of the city; price $200 to $275; terms, five dollars down and five dollars per month, without interest. This is a rare chance whereby anyone may secure a building site for a small monthly payment. Apply to Morrow, Holland & Co., Times Building, Broad Street.

To Those in Need

Of dolls and toys of any kind we should advise them to visit Russell & McDonald, opposite the iron church, Douglas street.

Not a Day

Too soon to order anything you want MADE in the way of jewellery for Xmas presents. Remember Pennock & Lowe have the best workmen and best equipped workshop.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

...THE...
Manchester House!
88 YATES STREET

SPECIAL LINES REDUCED FOR THIS MONTH.
Twenty doz. pairs Kid Gloves, usual price $1.00 and $1.25, reduced to 65 cents.
Berlin, Shetland and Andelusian Wools, 5 cents per ounce to clear.
Thirty doz. Ladies' Blank Cashmere Hosiery, 25 cents per pair.
White Hemstitched Handkerchiefs 5 cents each.
White Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 12½ cents each.

DRESS GOODS.
Tweed Dress Goods, 56 inches wide, reduced to 50 cents per yard.
Melton Cloth 54 " " 75 " "
Diagonal Serge 52 " " 65 " "
Hop Sacking, Navy, Brown, Fawn " 65 " "

MANTLE DEPT.
Our Jackets and Mantles are all German Manufacture, therefore We can warrant a Good Fitting Garment. Jackets from $3.00. Ladies' Capes with Beaver Trimmings, $6.00. Children's Ulsters from $2.50.

MILLINERY.
A choice line of Trimmed Millinery always on hand. Special styles in English Walking Hats and Sailors.

MANCHESTER HOUSE. - T. HAUGHTON & Co.

Our
Special Effort
This week is to increase the purchasing power of your dollar with the greatest values in Hats ever offered.
Hats formerly $2.50, all Sizes and Styles, now
$1.50!
W. J. JEFFREE,
The Golden Rule Clothing Store,
Corner Yates and Douglas Streets.

The B. C. Poultry and Commission Company!

Are now prepared to supply the public at lowest prices with a choice stock of TURKEYS, GEESE, DUCKS AND CHICKENS. All poultry killed and dressed to order and delivered free of charge to any part of the city on the shortest notice. Note the address:
B. C. POULTRY AND COMMISSION CO., 22 1-2 Pandora Street, corner of Broad and Cormorant street. Opposite City Market. nov9-3m

VICTORIA CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC,
Principal, MISS M. B. SHARP. 288 Yates St., opp. High School.

Instruction in all branches of Vocal and Instrumental Music (including Guitar and Mandolin), Theory, Musical History and Analysis, Instrumentation, Elocution, and Foreign Languages.

Classes in Theory, Musical History and Analysis, Hand Culture, Ensemble Playing. Recitals and Concerts are free to pupils of Conservatory.

Mr. Trevelyan Sharp (late of London, England), is in charge of the Violin and Orchestral department. Mr. Sharp has had thorough training and practical experience in preparing Principals, Chorus and Orchestra in Opera Oratorio, etc., and is open to engagements from Operatic and Choral Societies requiring a Musical Director. Prospectus on application.

"Can't Tell"
How trade will be this Christmas
Yet
But one thing is certain; if we don't have the goods we can't sell them.
WE ARE WORKING
DAY AND NIGHT
OPENING UP
NEW GOODS
......AND......
WILL DO THE BUSINESS
This year as always, and
THAT SETTLES IT.
JAMIESON,
NEXT TO POST OFFICE.

TUBERCULOSIS.

The Disease That at Present Causes So Much Trouble.

The Canadian Live Stock and Farm Journal in a recent issue has the following on the subject of tuberculosis:—

So much has been written and said concerning this most insidious disease that a large proportion of cattle men are actually in a quandary as to the future of that most important industry, cattle breeding. As an instance of the ignorance abroad concerning tuberculosis, not a few confound it with that dreaded disease, contagious pleuro-pneumonia, which is totally dissimilar in every respect. It is well to remember that there is nothing new in regard to tuberculosis or consumption. In the human family it is nearly as old as the race, while in cattle it has been known to exist ever since the great pioneers in cattle improvement began their work 150 years ago, and, doubtless, was known for centuries before that; in fact, as long as those having anything to do with cattle took enough interest in their work to know when stock under their care were affected.

Judging by the reports issued, cattle at the experiment stations at different points, both in Canada and the United States, have suffered worse than the private herds of either country. Must we not attribute this to one of two causes? either the officials in their zeal to diffuse knowledge by experiments have overstepped the mark, and slaughtered many healthy cattle which, by the Koch test, showed disease; or their herds have been subjected to singularly bad management. The wording of the reports, and what little information has leaked out, would lead us to think that the former is the more correct view.

The fact is in many of these experiments there is often too hasty a disposition to jump at conclusions, by which quite as much harm as good may be done.

On the other hand, if experimental stations are to be of service, the managers and officials should be doubly careful to retain the confidence of the public, in whose interest they have been established. It is true that much of their time is employed in delving amidst the mists of uncertainty, but their reports should be couched in language in which there is no uncertain sound, and written after all doubts are dispersed.

As before stated, tuberculosis is no new disease, yet many writers, among whom are some veterinary surgeons, have so magnified its ravages that breeders and farmers are greatly alarmed.

The motive of these professional gentlemen is too apparent, as they are evidently after the government shekels in order to supplement the oftentimes scanty income derived from a small practice. It is one thing to exercise caution, but most ridiculous to cause a panicky feeling where there is no occasion for it. Among the numerous contentions made by these professionals is that tuberculosis is terribly contagious, while, on the other hand, all experienced cattle men agree that this is not the case. In proof of this there are few men who have bred cattle for many years who have not experienced a case of it in their herds, and yet but few have had any further trouble with it.

It is true that there have been cases where many of the cattle in a herd have succumbed to the disease, and there are instances in medical practice where a whole family have been wiped out of existence in an incredibly short space of time, but this is no proof of the contagious character of tuberculosis (bovine consumption); or of consumption in the human family.

In both instances there are other causes, but here the best physicians disagree; here men who have made a life study of the disease differ in their opinions. It is generally conceded, however, that in such cases there is a hereditary predisposition to contract the disease, or, rather, that there is a lack of power to combat against it. It is argued that the lung tissue or tissue of any part liable to be attacked is at fault, thus not only rendering the patient more susceptible to it, but he has little or no power of resistance; hence the speed at which the disease progresses in a case of galloping consumption.

When we hear of an instance where this trouble has extended or remained for any length of time, on enquiry, a cause is easily found, as well as the reasons why animals in a herd are abnormally susceptible. Among these are inbreeding, close confinement, and artificial surroundings. When cattle are kept indoors for months, as is advised among dairy herds, their constitutions are naturally impaired; and when they are kept at high pressure as well, as to insure a heavy milk yield, they naturally lose their power to resist disease.

The horse, whose lungs are so much exercised when it performs it work, is not known to be troubled with this form of lung disease, while cattle are the most liable to it of all domesticated animals.

We have said that it has been contended that tuberculosis is contagious, and doubtless it is so to a certain extent, such as in cases where a healthy animal is confined in the same stable with one in the last stages of the disease.

In this case, were the healthy animal to swallow a portion of the sputa usually emitted by an animal in the last stage of the disease, and the healthy animal to be suffering, from some cause, from a rupture of the membrane or internal lining of the throat, then there would be a decided danger of inoculation, and this may be possibly contracted in many ways, such as through drinking at the same watering troughs as diseased cattle, or by taking diseased tissue in with the food.

The whole subject is one upon which much difference of opinion exists, and little can be said without encroaching upon some one's domain, hence the arguments offered pro and con, in which widely divergent views are expressed. At the same time, although there is no cause for alarm, in the sense that many have taken it, precautionary measures are easily adopted, and do not entail much expense.

Along this line any medium that might chance to carry diseased germs should be avoided. Watering places may be numbered among them, where cattle are all expected to drink at the same trough, especially where this is only occasionally cleaned out. The present convenient system of a wooden water trough running the length of a range of stalls has its objections, and might easily prove a medium for transmitting the disease from one to many individuals.

Above all, we should strongly advise stockmen to lose no opportunity of learning to diagnose the disease, for on this point some veterinary surgeons are evidently at sea.

Many a time when a member of a herd is run down in flesh, that is, to all appearance, badly out of health, tuberculosis is assigned as the cause; yet, if the animal dies, no post mortem examination is made. Cattle are subject to many ills that present much the same symptoms as tuberculosis, and yet are free from that disease. In our own experience, we have seen several instances where examination, after death, of an animal suspected of being affected with tuberculosis has revealed the fact that death was due to foreign matter taken into the stomach, which had injured the digestive organs. Quite recently a post mortem examination on a fine cow, which the intending veterinary had pronounced to be a victim of tuberculosis, proved that the cause of death was a common nail that had been swallowed and had punctured her stomach. The cow had lingered in this state an incredibly long time before death came to her relief. In another instance a prize-winning bull, after many months' suffering, was found to have a darning needle stuck in his liver. We could mention numberless such cases which have come under our personal observation where the judgment of the attendant practitioner was altogether at fault, and he committed himself by pronouncing his patient a victim of tuberculosis when nothing of the kind existed.

In the face of these and many similar instances, it ill becomes these individuals to try to influence the government to appoint inspectors whose duty it will be to report on the health of private herds. It will be, of course, advantageous to their own pockets, but where the stockbreeders are to be the gainers it is difficult to conceive.

SARAH BERNHARDT.

NOT ONLY THE GREATEST ACTRESS OF HER DAY BUT A WOMAN OF HIGH ATTAINMENT IN MANY OTHER BRANCHES OF ART.

Probably there is not a woman in the world to-day whose name is more familiar than that of Sarah Bernhardt; she needs no introduction to the Canadian people, therefore, we will simply quote what she has written about 'Vin Mariani': "I have been delighted to find "Vin Mariani" in all the large cities of the United States, and it has, as always, largely helped to give me that strength so necessary in the performance of the arduous duties which I have imposed upon myself. I never fail to praise its virtues to all my friends, and I heartily congratulate you upon the success which you so well deserve.'

Dr. Cyrus Edson, chief of Health Department, New York, says that in cases of Influenza (La Grippe) where patients suffer with high fever and catarrh in the head, the most effectual remedy is the generous diffusible tonic 'Vin Mariani.' All grocers and druggists keep it, but if you should not find it at your dealers write direct to Lawrence A. Wilson & Co., Montreal, and if you enclose a stamp for postage you will receive an album containing the photographs of many celebrities who have testified to the excellence of 'Vin Mariani.'

NICARAGUAN CANAL.

The Company's Annual Report to the Government.

Washington, D. C., Nov. 13.—The Maritime Nicaraguan Canal company, of New York, has made its annual report to the secretary of the interior. The report refers to the depression that has prevailed during the year, which, it says, has prevented it from doing any work or making any progress in the construction of the canal. The affairs of the Nicaraguan canal construction company are reviewed. This company failed last year. It had taken contracts to build portions of the canal, and it was owing to its failure that the Maritime company was unable to do any work. The construction company is now reported to be reorganising, and the hope is expressed that more favorable financial times will see the construction company ready to proceed with the work and progress made in the building of the canal.

Brown's "★★★ Special" Scotch Whisky is sold throughout the world and is a favorite everywhere.

READY FOR THE FRAY.

Maritime Liberals Hold an Organization Meeting.

At St. John, N. B., recently a notable gathering of Maritime Province Liberals took place, to make preparations for the coming election campaign.

The president, Hon. L. H. Davies, M. P., of Charlottetown, was chairman, and there were present:

Representing New Brunswick—Hon. A. G. Blair, C. W. Weldon, H. A. McKeown, A. E. Macintyre, George McAvity, J. V. Ellis, Z. R. Everett, of Fredericton; W. F. George, of Sackville; J. T. Hawke, of Moncton; Alexander Rogers, of Hopewell Hill; Hon. G. F. Hill, M. P. P., of St. Stephen; John Anderson, ex-M. P. P., of Dumfries; William Wilson, ex-M. P. P., of Fredericton; Charles Burpee, ex-M. P., of Sheffield; Gilmour Shives, of Campbellton; Dr. Colter, M. P., of Woodstock, and Hon. A. H. Gilmor, M. P., of St. George.

Representing Nova Scotia—Hon. W. S. Fielding, Senator Power and Hon. Wm. Ross, ex-M. P., of Halifax; Hon. Robert Drummond, of Stellarton; John D. McLeod, of Pictou; James D. Eisenhauer, ex-M. P., Yarmouth; and Dr. Borden, M. P., of Canning.

Representing Prince Edward Island—Hon. L. H. Davies, M. P., Hon. D. Laird, Hon. D. Farquharson, M. P. P., Dr. Robertson, ex-M. P., of Montague; S. F. Perry, M. P., of Tidnish.

The intention is to open a vigorous campaign in the provinces, beginning about the 24th of November. Associations will be organised and quickened, and the platform of the Liberal party laid fairly and squarely before the electors. The best of feeling prevailed at the meeting and all felt that all that was required at the present state of feeling throughout New Brunswick and Nova Scotia was thorough organization. They felt that the party in Ontario and Quebec was never stronger than at present, and that it only required a determined and united effort to carry the Liberals to success.

Premier Fielding was strongly of the opinion that an election would take place about February.

When Others ?

Hood's Sarsaparilla builds up the shattered system by giving vigorous action to the digestive organs, creating an appetite and purifying the blood. It is prepared by modern methods, possesses the greatest curative powers, and has the most wonderful record of actual cures of any medicine in existence. Take only Hood's.

HOOD'S PILLS are purely vegetable, and do not purge, pain or gripe. 25c.

ADAMS' TUTTI FRUTTI AN ABSOLUTE CURE —FOR— INDIGESTION

Sold by all Druggists & Confectioners

Take no worthless imitation. See that "TUTTI FRUTTI" IS ON EACH 5 CENT PACKAGE

RUPTURE More CURES have been effected by my Trusses, with perfect ease to wearer, than by all other devices combined. They retain largest Rupture under severest strain. A system of fitting has been perfected the last 25 years, fully equal to personal examination by mail. 27 patents to overcome DEFORMITY. Ill. book free. CHARLES CLUTHE, 134 King St. W., Toronto.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY

STEAMER

JOAN

J. R. BUTLER, Master.

On and after March 22nd, 1893,

Steamer JOAN will sail as follows:

Calling at Way Ports as freight and Passengers may offer:

Leave Victoria for Nanaimo .... Tuesday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Comox .... Wednesday, 7 a.m.
" Comox for Nanaimo .... Friday, 7 a.m.
" Nanaimo for Victoria .... Saturday, 7 a.m.

Trips to Valdes Island once a month.

For freight or staterooms apply on board, or at the Company's ticket office, Victoria ... Store street.

JOHN MESTON,

Carriage Maker

BLACKSMITH, ETC.

Broad Street, Between Johnson and Pandora Streets.

TRANSPORTATION.

CANADIAN PACIFIC NAVIGATION CO.,

(LIMITED.)

TIME TABLE NO. 24,

Taking effect Sept. 1st, 1894.

Vancouver Route.

Victoria to Vancouver daily, except Monday at 2 o'clock a.m.

Vancouver to Victoria daily, except Monday at 13:15 o'clock, or on arrival of C.P. R. No. 1 train.

New Westminster Route.

Leave Victoria for New Westminster, Ladner's Landing and Lulu Island, Sunday at 23 o'clock, Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock. (Sunday's steamer to New Westminster connects with C.P.R. train No. 2 going east Monday.)

For Plumper Pass Wednesday and Friday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender and Moresby Islands and Sidney, Friday at 7 o'clock.

Leave New Westminster for Victoria, Monday at 13:15 o'clock; Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Plumper Pass Thursday and Saturday at 7 o'clock.

For Pender Island and Sidney, Thursday at 7 o'clock.

Northern Route.

Steamships of this Co. will leave for Pt. Simpson and intermediate ports the 1st, 10th and 20th of each month at 18 o'clock. When sufficient inducements offer will extend trips to West Coast points and Queen Charlotte Islands.

Barclay Sound Route.

Steamer Maude leaves Victoria for Alberni and Sound ports on the 1st and 15th of each month.

The company reserves the right of changing this time table at any time without notification.

JOHN IRVING,
Manager.
G. A. CARLETON,
General Agent.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RY.

SAVE MONEY AND TIME!

WHEN GOING EAST

By purchasing your tickets via the Canadian Pacific Route. Through Daily Sleepers. Elegant Upholstered Tourist Cars in charge of competent porters running through without change to

BOSTON, MONTREAL,
MINNEAPOLIS, ST. PAUL
TORONTO and WINNIPEG.

ROYAL : MAIL : STEAMSHIP : LINE

—TO—

CHINA AND JAPAN.

The Short Route to the Orient.

SAILINGS AS FOLLOWS:

Empress of Japan........................Nov. 12
Empress of China........................Dec. 10
Empress of India........................Jan. 7
Empress of Japan........................Feb. 4

For rates, pamphlets and all information apply to

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Victoria, B. C.

Or to
GEO. McL. BROWN,
Dist. & Pass. Agent,
Vancouver, B. C.

Thos. F. Oakes, Henry C. Payne, Henry C. Rouse, Receivers.

NORTHERN PACIFIC R.R.

—RUNS—

Pullman Sleeping Cars,
Elegant Dining Cars,
Tourist Sleeping Cars,

To

St. Paul,
Minneapolis,
Duluth,
Fargo,
Grand Forks
Cookston,
Winnipeg,
Helena and
Butte.

THROUGH TICKETS

To Chicago, Washington, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and All Points East and South.

TIME SCHEDULE.

SPEED			Victoria Route.			TONNAGE
18 knots			S.S. "CITY OF KINGSTON."			1141
8 30 pm	Lv	MI	*Victoria....	110	Ar	4 30 pm
11 45 pm	Lv	36	Pt. Townsend	72	Lv	1 30 pm
3 00 am	Lv	82	...Seattle....	28	Lv	10 15 am
4 45 am	Ar	110	*Tacoma....	MI	Lv	8 00 am

Steamer City of Kingston makes connection at Tacoma with Northern Pacific trains to and from points east and south.

*Daily except Monday.

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Freight and Passenger Agent,
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FROM OUTER WHARF AT 8 P.M.

WALLA WALLA .... NOV 19

R. P. RITHET & CO., Agents.

TRANSPORTATION.

ESQUIMALT & NANAIMO RAILWAY.

TIME TABLE NO. 21.

To take effect at 8:00 a.m. on Thursday, November 1, 1894.

Trains run on Pacific Standard Time.

STATIONS.	NORTH BOUND. READ DOWN. No. 2 Passenger Daily.	No. 4. Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Victoria.	SOUTH BOUND. READ UP. No. 1 Passenger Daily.	No. 3. Passenger Saturday.	Miles from Wellington.
VICTORIA	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
RUSSELL'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
ESQUIMALT	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
GOLDSTREAM	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SUMMIT SIDING	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SHAWNIGAN LAKE	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
COBBLE HILL	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
McPHERSON'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
KOKSILAH	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
DUNCAN'S	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
SOMENOS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
CHEMAINUS	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
OYSTER BAY SID'G	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
NANAIMO	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]
WELLINGTON	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]	[illegible]

On Saturday and Sunday.

Return Tickets will be issued between all points for a fare and a quarter good for return not later than Monday.

Return Tickets for one and a half ordinary fare may be purchased daily to all points, good for seven days, including day of issue.

No Return Tickets issued for a fare and a quarter where the single fare is twenty-five cents.

Through rates between Victoria and Comox.

Mileage and Commutation Tickets can be obtained on application to the Ticket Agents, at Victoria, Duncan's or Nanaimo Stations.

A. DUNSMUIR, JOSEPH HUNTER,
President. Gen'l Supt.
H. K. PRIOR,
Gen. Freight and Passenger Agent.

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FOR HONOLULU ONLY

S.S. AUSTRALIA (3,000 tons) Saturday, November 24th, 1894, at 2 p.m.

For passage apply to 138 Montgomery St. For freight apply to 327 Market street.

For Honolulu, Auckland & Sydney without change

The Splendid New 3,000 ton Steel Screw Steamer Mariposa—Thursday, December 13, at 8 p.m.

Or immediately on arrival of the English Mails.

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Crosses the Cascades and Rocky Mountains in daylight. Finest scenery in America and a line free from dust.

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NELSON & FORT SHEPPARD RY.

ALL RAIL TO NELSON, B. C

The only through line to Nelson, Kaslo, Kootenay Lake and Slocan Points.

THROUGH TRAINS SEMI-WEEKLY.

Daily, except Sunday, between Spokane and Marcus.

7.00 a.m Lv.... SPOKANE.... Ar. 5.50 p.m.

Commencing January 3, on Wednesdays and Saturdays trains will run through, arriving at Nelson at 5:40 p.m., making close connection with the steamer Nelson for Kaslo and all lake points, arriving at Kaslo at 9:00 p.m. same days. Returning passengers will leave lake points and Nelson on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Spokane at 5:30 p.m. same days.

PRICES Men's MACKINTOSHES, $5, $7.50 and $10. Gents' FINE OVERCOATS, $7, $8, $10. Men's WINTER SUITS, $6, $7.75 and $8.50. BOY'S SUITS, $1.20, $2 and $2.50. Also CARDIGAN JACKETS, MELISSA and RIGBY Waterproofs, Fine UNDERWEAR, Etc., at GREATLY REDUCED PRICES.

B. WILLIAMS & CO.

CORPORAL PUNISHMENT.

School Trustees Speak of Undue Castigation — Technical Education.

Question of Promotion Examinations—Other School Matters Discussed.

The board of school trustees had a three hours' sitting last evening. All members were present.

Principal McNeill asked for supplies for North ward school and requested that the ground surrounding the school house be levelled. Adopted.

Trustee Glover told the board that Contractor Day had paid no attention to requests to fix up the North ward school boilers and pipes.

After discussion a motion was carried that a plumber be engaged to make the necessary repairs and that the bill be deducted from the contract moneys retained by the board. Contractor Day was given forty-eight hours to commence the work.

John Haggarty wrote asking that the board pay him the balance on the North ward school grading contract and offered J. B. Gates as a guarantee that defects, if found, would be remedied. Accepted.

The finance committee and Trustee Glover were appointed a committee to look into the question of extras in the above contract.

The secretary of the Teachers' Institute reported that four teachers were absent from the last meeting of the institute, notwithstanding that they got leave from the board from school duties to attend the institute. Laid on the table.

Caretaker Huxtable requested that the winter allowance of $20 given him last winter be continued this winter. Agreed to.

The principals of the graded schools wrote re promotion of pupils. The principals asked that they be allowed to decide what pupils should go up for promotion examinations.

Trustee Marchant favored the idea.

Principal McNeill, who was present, advocated that all the children be allowed to take the midsummer examinations, but that it be left to the discretion of the principals whether the pupils go up for the other examinations. One-third of the pupils were unable to write and it was too great a strain upon many of them. Moreover, it was harmful for children to compete and fail; it discouraged them.

Chairman Hayward said that the present system had been adopted at the solicitation of the parents, who considered that favoritism had been practiced heretofore in the matter of letting children go up for promotion examinations. A change should not be hastily made.

Trustee Lovell also thought it was well to follow the old adage and make haste slowly.

Trustee Marchant moved that the principals' request be granted, with the understanding that every pupil who expresses a desire to compete be allowed to do so.

Trustee Lovell seconded the motion.

Trustee Lewis said the children should all go up for examination.

Chairman Hayward suggested that the matter be laid over until the next meeting.

Laid over till a special meeting to be held during the month.

Mr. Groat, a representative of the Central School Supply company, offered relief maps for sale to the board. The maps were of the various countries of the globe. Not very much attention had been paid in getting up maps of the Dominion of Canada and Vancouver island. Only a few principal points were inserted in the maps.

Trustee Marchant thought the relief maps were not of much value. The map of the Dominion was entirely inadequate and that of Vancouver island was ridiculous. He did not think it was a right expenditure of the taxpayers' money. He advocated that the matter be left over for the consideration of the incoming board.

Trustee Lovell was of the same opinion as Trustee Marchant. There were very efficient maps in the schools now, and many of them were never used. The board had already spent sufficient money in maps and globes.

Trustee Glover said they made nice pictures and would doubtless look well, but that was not the point. The maps at present used should be sufficient.

On motion of Trustee Marchant the matter was laid over for the new board to discuss.

The average attendance at the schools during the past month was 1870.71; daily average, 1836.25; pupils actually attending, 21333; average per teacher, 45.17. The average actual attendance according to schools was: High school, 29.54; Boys' Central, 37.84; Girls' Central, 36.61; North ward, 48.18; South ward, 39.18; Spring Ridge, 38.01; Victoria West, 36.09.

The secretary of the Teachers' Institute wrote as follows:

"Victoria, October 30, 1894.

"Mr. B. Williams, Secretary School Board, Victoria, B. C.

"Sir: In obedience to the request of the board of school trustees, I send you an informal report of the meeting held for the purpose of obtaining the opinions of the teachers on 'manual training in the city schools.'

"A special meeting was held in the council chambers on November 2. The teachers were decidedly in favor of having manual training in the public schools, but they thought, with the present limit tables and the number of subjects to be taught, we ought first to have yearly instead of semi-annual examinations.

"It was the general opinion of the meeting that the hand and eye of the child should be trained at the earliest stage of school life and that we should have kindergartens established as soon as possible. Trained teachers could easily be engaged in San Francisco, and they could take in pupil teachers from the high school and train them for the work.

"The teachers were of the opinion that the question of expense and the actual carrying out of the scheme were not within their province, but the time that should be devoted to manual training was one they could deal with. Some thought it best to have night schools, and in addition to the work a course of lectures could be given on "Industrial Drawing," "Practical Chemistry," or "Applied Mechanics." Others were opposed to night schools, and thought the time should be taken either before or after the present school hours. The manual training should be carried on through the public and high schools, and we should have a Normal school, where teachers could be trained in their own 'techne' or trade. It was the opinion of a great many of the teachers that there were altogether too many subjects on the High school course, and it would make room for more useful work if some of them were struck off.

"Hoping you will excuse this disconnected report, as it has been made chiefly from memory, and that it will give you a better idea of our opinions on the matter than if I simply enclosed the resolutions passed at our last meeting,

"I remain, yours respectfully,

"E. G. LAWSON,

"Sec. Teachers' Association."

The following is a copy of the resolutions passed at a meeting of the Teachers' Association held on the 9th of November, 1894:

Resolved: "That the Teachers' Association recommend yearly high school entrance and Public school promotion examinations, to be held at midsummer."

"That it would be advisable to establish kindergartens in the cities of the province: to continue the training of the eye and hand in the public schools by means of object lessons, and to provide a special teacher in connection with each High school to give manual training of an advanced nature after hours to all pupils of the city schools desiring it."

"That we, the teachers of Victoria, desire to represent the urgent need of a Normal training school for our province."

E. G. DAWSON,

Secretary Teachers' Association.

Laid over for consideration at a special meeting of the board to be held this month.

Several bills were put through.

Athletic Instructor St. Clair reported that the physique of the boys was good; but their carriage was slovenly. The younger girls were the best of all the children, all things considered; the larger girls were generally weak, and needed a special training. Classes were being organized by the pupils and teachers. North ward school leads for the month. Referred to the gymnasium committee.

The question of the affiliation of Victoria High school with McGill university was brought up by Trustee Marchant. He thought the question should be further considered. It was a great gain that a year should be dropped from the university course to properly accredited pupils. Referred to Messrs. Lewis and Marchant, who were appointed a committee.

It was decided to remove the cinders from the North ward school grounds, as they were a source of nuisance.

Trustee Marchant called attention to several complaints that had been lately made by parents concernig the undue use of the rod in some of the schools. Whipping had been carried to an unreasonable extent, so that the pupils bore severe marks of their punishment. He desired that the press take notice of the matter and that the principals be requested to take especial care in the punishment of their pupils.

Trustee Glover said complaints had been made to him. He thought that proper discretion should be used in the chastisement of children. Children should be corrected, but the correction should be properly administered.

Board adjourned at 11.15 p.m.

LIVING IN NORWAY.

A Monster Cheap Restaurant—Meals Nine Cents.

There is a novel institution in Christiania in the way of a monster cheap restaurant. It is designated by the name of Dampkjokke, which means in English steam kitchen. It was established in 1858 and is run by well disposed persons, not as a charitable institution, but is made self supporting. The aim is to furnish the most complete meals for the smallest possible sum, and as this idea was brought forward in Chicago last winter, and may be this, I will give as accurate a description of the place as possible. It solves a problem. By an experience of thirty-six years the managers have reduced the feeding of a large number of people to a science, for two thousand men, women and children secure a good, honest, square meal at the Dampkjokke daily at the cost of about 27 ore per capita. To get at the small amount of currency contained in an ore we divide a kroner, or crown, by 100. A kroner is equal to 27 1-2 cents of our money, therefore 27 ore is not quite 9 cents. The food, which usually consists of soup or fish or hash or sausage, with bread and vegetables, is well cooked and clean, and a good large portion is served to each guest. The building is a large two story structure, like a public hall. The guests, after perusing the bill of fare, which is exhibited at the entrance, buy checks at a window. As they pass up they enter either the first or the second floor hall as they prefer. They then make for a convenient window or passage which leads to the pantry. From this are handed plates, knives, spoons and forks, together with portions of soup and food. Guests take their seats at a long table. On this table are salt, pepper, cruet stands, bread, and decanters filled with fresh drinking water, and the guests are allowed all the time necessary to enjoy their meals.

There are no waiters; in fact, the expense of running the institution is cut down to the smallest possible minimum. Consequently every penny saved goes into the quality of the meals. About 500 can sit down in both halls at once. It therefore takes nearly two hours to feed the usual attendance of 2000.

At these odd dinners are curious combinations of people; old men, ragged, grey and footsore; hard working laborers and men too sick to work; wrinkled women, down in the world, fighting to live; shop girls, with clean, bright faces, but who can ill afford ten cents from their pitiful wages; women who have lost all by dissipation and drink, and boys who have no homes; fierce anarchists, driven out of other countries; pitiable stowaways who have just arrived from foreign ports. Two thousand made homeless and hungry by some cause or other known only to themselves, and all looking with hungry eyes towards one good square meal a day, thanking God for the Dampkjokke.

The great beauty of this institution lies in the fact that it is not a charity. There exists in the breasts of those who sit down to this collation the same independence which the king enjoys in his palace, and they smack their lips with the satisfaction that they have paid full value for what they have received.—From a letter to the Chicago Post.

A Racking Cough

Cured by Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. MRS. P. D. HALL, 217 Genessee St., Lockport, N. Y., says:

"Over thirty years ago, I remember hearing my father describe the wonderful curative effects of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. During a recent attack of La Grippe, which assumed the form of a catarrh, soreness of the lungs, accompanied by an aggravating cough, I used various remedies and prescriptions. While some of these medicines partially alleviated the coughing during the day, none of them afforded me any relief from that spasmodic action of the lungs which would seize me the moment I attempted to lie down at night. After ten or twelve such nights, I was

Nearly in Despair,

and had about decided to sit up all night in my easy chair, and procure what sleep I could in that way. It then occurred to me that I had a bottle of Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. I took a spoonful of this preparation in a little water, and was able to lie down without coughing. In a few moments, I fell asleep, and awoke in the morning greatly refreshed and feeling much better. I took a teaspoonful of the Pectoral every night for a week, then gradually decreased the dose, and in two weeks my cough was cured."

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass

Prompt to act, sure to cure

Thousands of cases of rheumatism have been cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. This is abundant reason for belief that it will cure you.

How to Get a "Sunlight" Picture.

Send 25 "Sunlight" Soap wrappers (wrappers bearing the words "Why does a Woman Look Older Sooner Than a Man?") to Lever Brothers, Limited, 43 Scott street, Toronto, Ont., and you will receive by post a pretty picture, free from advertising and well worth framing. This is an easy way to decorate your home. The soap is the best in the market, and will only cost 1c. postage to send in wrappers, if you leave the end open. Write your address carefully.

To The Public.

Having purchased from Mr. S. F. McIntosh his coal and wood business, I am prepared to deliver to any part of the city

No. 1 Dry Cordwood $3-50 per cord.
Best Wellington Coal at $7 per ton.

Terms, Spot Cash. Prompt and careful delivery. Full weight and measure guaranteed.

The above will be carried on in connection with my present business at the Rock Bay Lumber Yard, which will be known in future as the ROCK BAY COAL, WOOD AND LUMBER YARD.

Soliciting a share of your esteemed patronage, I remain, yours faithfully,

EWEN MORRISON.

Office and yard, end of Rock Bay Bridge.
Mills, Sidney, B.C.
Telephone 502. nov6-tf

MUNICIPAL.

Municipal Elections, 1895.

HOUSEHOLDERS' QUALIFICATION.

All persons wishing to qualify, under the above qualification, as voters for the ensuing municipal elections for the year 1895, in accordance with clause E of section 37 of the Municipal Amendment Act, 1894, can do so by calling at the assessor's office, City Hall, and making the necessary declaration on or before the 30th day of November instant.

WM. W. NORTHCOTT,
Assessor.

City Hall, Victoria, B.C., November, 1894.

NOTICE.

Fort street, between Douglas and Blanchard is closed to public traffic. By order

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Tuesday, October 23, 1894.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Government Street, between Fort and Yates, and Yates Street between Government and Broad, are closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, B. C., August 27th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Herald Street between Government and Douglas Streets is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

October 2nd—tf.

NOTICE.

Douglas Street, from Pembroke Street to King's Road, is closed to public traffic.

E. A. WILMOT,
oc8-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Yates street from Langley to Wharf is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
oc9-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Bastion Street, from Langley to Wharf, is closed to traffic till further notice.

By order,

E. A. WILMOT,
oc9-tf City Engineer.

NOTICE.

Langley Street, from Courtney to Yates Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Courtney Street, from Wharf to Langley Street, is closed to public traffic till further notice.

By order.

E. A. WILMOT,
City Engineer.

Victoria, October 15th, 1894.

NOTICE.

In addition to my Agency for WELLS FARGO & CO., I am now prepared to receive Express matter of every description for transmission daily to SEATTLE, TACOMA, SPOKANE, ST. PAUL, MINNEAPOLIS and other points in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN COMPANY.

MONEY ORDERS issued payable at 15,000 cities and special facilities for the payment of MONEY BY TELEGRAPH.

GOLD DUST and BARS purchased.

AGENCY of the Canton Insurance Office (Marine) of Hongkong.

F. H. WORLOCK,
Agent for Wells, Fargo & Co,
18 Trounce Avenue. [illegible]

GREAT ENGLISH PRESCRIPTION

A SUCCESSFUL MEDICINE OF 30 YEARS TEST. Has cured thousands of cases of Nervous Prostration, Weakness of Brain, Poor Memory, Dizziness and all diseases caused by ignorance in youth. Six boxes are guaranteed to cure when all other medicines fail. One box $1.00; six boxes, $5.00. Manufactured by EUREKA CHEMICAL Co., Detroit, Mich. Sold and sent anywhere by mail by LANGLEY & CO. Victoria B.C. aug21

Before. After.

LEGAL NOTICES.

Land Registry Act.

Part (25x70 feet) of lot 162 Victoria City.—A certificate of Indefeasible Title to the above Hereditaments will be issued to Anna Pittock on the 19th. day of January, 1895, unless in the meantime a valid objection thereto be made to me in writing by some person claiming an estate or interest therein or in some part thereof.

S. Y. WOOTTON,
Deputy Registrar General.

Land Registry Office, Victoria, B. C. 15th October, 1894. oct15-td

Mortgagee's Sale.

Under and by virtue of a power of sale contained in an indenture of mortgage registered in the Land Registry Office at Victoria, B. C., as No. 14,547 B in Charge Book vol. II, fol. 881, tenders will be received by the undersigned not later than noon on the 16th of November, 1894, for the purchase of sections 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16 and 17 of the easterly 50 acres of section 9, and the easterly 75 acres of section 10 in range 4, Comiaken District in Vancouver Island, containing in all 825 acres more or less.

The highest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

Dated October 15th, 1894.

LINDLEY CREASE,
16 Chancery Lane, Victoria, B.C.,
Solicitor for the Mortgagee. o16-1m

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Thomas Potter of the license now held by the undersigned to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Lion Brewery Saloon, situate at the corner of Chambers street and Queen's avenue, in the City of Victoria.

W. MONTEITH,
Official Administrator.

Administering the estate of Geo. Fairbrother, deceased, intestate. o31-1m

In the Supreme Court of British Columbia

In the matter of the Winding Up Act and Amending Acts; and in the Matter of the Point Comfort Hotel Company, Limited.

The time for settling the list of contributories and adjudicating upon the claims of creditors of the company has been enlarged to Friday, 9th November, 1894, at 11 a.m., and the place appointed is Mr. Justice Crease's chambers at the law courts, Victoria.

Dated 2nd November, 1894.

THORNTON FELL,
Solicitor for the Liquidator.

Enlarged by order of Mr. Justice Crease to Wednesday, the 14th instant, at the same hour and place. nov2-2w

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Board of Licensing Commissioners for the city of Victoria at its next sitting by George Meldram for a transfer of the license to sell spirituous or fermented liquors in and upon the premises known as the Clarence Hotel, on Yates street, in the city of Victoria, from James Wishart and G. G. Meldram to said G. G. Meldram.

Dated this 15th day of September, A.D. 1894.

JAMES WISHART,
GEORGE G. MELDRAM.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that I intend to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its next sitting for a transfer to Carlo Bossi of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Osborne House, situated at the corner of Pandora and Blanchard streets, in the city of Victoria.

WILLIAM BAINES.

Victoria, B. C., November 7th, 1894.

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the City of Victoria at its sitting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Joan Colgdarripe of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 24th day of August, 1894.

n7-1m CHAS. MURISET.

NOTICE.

Re Estate of Peter Gerard, Deceased.

All persons having claims against Peter Gerard, late of the city of Victoria, deceased, are hereby required to send or deliver to the undersigned full particulars of their claims on or before the 7th day of December, 1894, after which date the executors will distribute the assets of the testator, having regard only to the claims of which they shall then have had notice.

H. G. HALL,
12 Bastion Square, Victoria,
Solicitor for the Executors.

Victoria, B.C., Nov. 7th, 1894. n7-1m

NOTICE.

Is hereby given that it is my intention to apply to the Board of Licensing Commissioners of the city of Victoria at its sitting to be held in the month of December next for a transfer to Henry Harris of the license now held by me to sell spirituous and fermented liquors by retail upon the premises known as the Colonist Hotel, situate at the corner of Beacon Hill Park and Simcoe street, in the city of Victoria.

Dated this 1st day of October, 1894.

n7-1m J. COIGDARRIPE.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

NANAIMO NEWS.

Satisfaction Expressed at the Discharge of Sidney Lobb.

Nanaimo, Nov. 15.—When the news was telegraphed to the city yesterday that Sidney W. Lobb had been released on a verdict of "not guilty," considerable satisfaction was expressed among his friends.

The different temperance societies in this city meet to-morrow evening for the purpose of arriving at an understanding as to their policy in the coming municipal contest. Should the Reform Club decide to bring out Ald. Arthur Wilson for the civic chair it will meet with the entire approbation of the temperance party as Wilson is considered an upright and level-headed fellow, with business qualifications that are essential in the discharge of the chief magistrate's duties. In the aldermanic election it will not be surprising if there is a clean sweep. There will certainly be a keen contest.

It becomes more apparent as building operations are carried on that a properly organized and paid fire department should be one of the chief matters to occupy the attention of the city council. The demand will be made in the approaching elections and the council will find that the citizens will endeavor to force them to provide for the emergency. What is wanted at the present time are about half a dozen men stationed at the new fire hall so that they may be ready, when wanted, at a moment's notice.

The bazaar and concert given under the auspices of St. Alban's church yesterday was a success not only financially but in every arrangement. Bishop Perrin presided at the concert which passed off charmingly, and the fact that only 25 cents was charged for admission induced a large number to attend.

The loss of the Crown of England will, it is expected, cause a few idle days to the employees of the New Vancouver coal company until other vessels are chartered to take her place. The steamer usually took about seven thousand tons of coal per month, which means about six days' work for the miners of No. 1 shaft.

A BIG HAUL.

Five Men Arrested for Robbing a Butcher Shop.

The police made a big haul to-day. Last night Munk's butcher shop, at 191 Douglas street, was broken open and robbed for the second time in a short space of time. A lot of meats both fresh and salted was stolen, and Mr. Munk, on learning of the robbery, reported the case to the police. Constables Cameron, Palmer and Smith were put on the case and in a very short time all of the stolen property was located in a cabin on Douglas street occupied by J. Buchanan, Thomas Stanton, Edward Burns, Richard Hunt and J. Harkins. The latter were all located during the day at different places by the three constables and all were arraigned in police court at 3 o'clock this afternoon for a preliminary hearing. The stolen meat was brought into court for use as evidence. Four of the accused desired to be tried summarily but Harkins demurred, saying he would prefer a jury, and the court decided to hear all and try none.

The case is now being heard and will not be disposed of until late this afternoon, if it is concluded at all to-day.

Brief Locals.

—In justice to the council of the board of trade, it ought to be explained that reporters were not excluded from its late meeting.

—W. Ritchie is in the city to try and make arrangements for the settlement of another colony of seventy Norwegian colonists.

—A social tea and concert will be held in the First Presbyterian church on Wednesday evening, November 21. Tea from 6.30 to 8. Concert begins at 8.

—The Canadian-Australian liner Miowera, Captain Stott, will sail for the south seas sometime to-morrow afternoon. She will have a good cargo of general freight and a number of passengers.

—The result of the inquiry of Chief Deasy of the fire department of the origin of the fire at Thorpe & Co.'s soda water factory on the 7th inst., is that the fire was caused by accident. The damage to the building has been estimated at $8006 and to the stock at $2080.

—Jack Rooney felt eloquent this morning, and taking up a prominent position on government street near Yates street started to harangue the crowd. He took up various topics and soon drew a good crowd. A merchant telephoned to police headquarters, Officer Abel came down, and Jack will sleep in the city lockup to-night.

—The Liberal association meets to-morrow evening. The question of an early selection of candidates in opposition to the Thompson government will be discussed, and an agreement will probably be arrived at in respect to the time and method of selection. Every elector in sympathy with the object of the association—which is the defeat of the present incompetent government—is invited to be present and give his views on the situation if he so desires.

—The members of the Pacific club will give an At Home on Tuesday evening next. Prof. Buck will provide a musical entertainment, after which there will be dancing. The spacious rooms of the club are excellently adapted for a large gathering, as the reading, dining and billiard rooms are conveniently arranged for the entertainment of guests. Members, who are free, can obtain tickets from the steward or secretary at a nominal charge for those they wish to invite.

—Hon. Forbes G. Vernon, late chief commissioner of lands and works, leaves in a few days for Europe, and last evening at the Union club his friends gave him a farewell banquet. There was a large crowd of good, jolly fellows present, the menu was the best the club could produce, and the result a very pleasant evening. There were some good songs and speeches and the guest was duly toasted. Mr. Vernon will be away for a year, and will spend considerable time at his old home in Ireland.

—Ever since sewer construction began the contractors have been complaining of theft of lanterns, lumber, tools and a variety of articles. Harrison & Walkley were the principal sufferers, and they went so far as to complain to the city council, so troublesome had the matter become. The police did some work on the matter, and last night some of the property stolen was found in the possession of Ma Eck, a Chinaman. He was arrested, and after a long hearing in the police court this morning was convicted and sentenced to two months' imprisonment.

—The family of a well known young business man left for California last night and the rumor got abroad that he himself was going and planned to defraud certain creditors. A capias was secured by one creditor and served late last night at the gentleman's residence. At the boat, however, a couple of other holders of bills assaulted the man. The capias will be fought out in court, the men who committed the assault will be summoned and charges will be filed before the police commissioners against a police officer who is said to have stood by when the fight was in progress.

SPORTING INTELLIGENCE.

The Events of the Day Among Amateurs and Professionals.

THE CUE.

SECOND DAY'S PLAY.

New York, Nov. 13.—The second night of the billiard tournament between Jake Schaefer and Frank C. Ives, at the Madison square concert hall, drew a good crowd. The good playing of Schaefer on Monday made him a favorite, although his opponent made the largest average and the greatest number of runs. Schaefer left the ivories in good position on the previous evening and he opened to-night with a run of 30. In the second inning Ives ran 154, leaving the score: Ives 722, Schaefer 631. After some unproductive playing on both sides Ives made a phenomenal run. When he reached his old score of 154 there was loud applause. He continued to juggle the ivories, and the balls were still in good position when he reached the 200 mark. He crept up to 223 and then missed. Up to this time Schaefer had only made 45 points. This made tue score: Ives 1014, Schaefer 645. The Wizard ran up 15 points and missed a difficult masse. Ives started with a cross shot and succeeded. This left the balls in good position, and he continued to run to 54. Schaefer retrieved his bad work and made a run of 124. Ives missed. Schaefer tried again, but made only 2. Ives had to be satisfied with a run of 10, and Schaefer went in and ran 47. Ives had only 122 more to make to run out his score of 1200. This he did in an easy manner. Ives' average was 57 5-11, which beats the previous record of 33 1-8 held by both Ives and Schaefer. Score by innipgs:

Ives—0, 154, 0, 9, 60, 223, 0, 54, 0, 10 122—632.

Schaefer—30, 1, 1, 6, 7, 15, 0, 124, 2, 47—233.

Total score: Ives 1200, Schaefer 833.

THE WHEEL.

THE RIVERSIDE RACE.

Riverside, Cal., Nov. 15.—The great 24 hour bicycle race has been declared off. At 9.30 last night Shoemaker became ill. He took a short rest and attempted to ride again, but at midnight he gave up after covering 132 miles. Scott covered 154 miles, but dropped in a dead faint from the wheel at 2 o'clock this morning. He was stiff with cold.

THE RING.

SAN FRANCISCO RACES.

San Francisco, Nov. 15.—Weather clear and warm and track fast; attendance good.

First Race—About six furlongs; non-winners in 1894; purse $400. Empress of Norfolk won, Atmont second, Steadfast third; time, 1.13.

Second Race—About six furlongs; two year olds; purse $400. Flint won, Mal Diablo second, Flirtilla third; time, 1.12 3-4.

Third Race—Five furlongs; three year olds and upwards; purse $400. Joe Cotton won, Norlee second, Queen Bee third; time, 1.01 1-4.

Fourth Race—One mile and a half; six hurdles; purse $500. Lodowic won, Bassanio second, Longwell third; time, 2.46 1-4.

Fifth Race—Six furlongs; purse $400; Sir Richard won, Romair second, Huntsman third; time, 1.13 1-2.

Law Intelligence.

Mr. Justice Crease in the supreme court chambers this morning heard the following applications:

Kirschberg v. Landsberg.—Application by the defendant that Samuel Kirschberg and Eva Kirschberg be added as defendants. Murphy (S. Perry Mills) for the defendant, and Crease (Bodwell & Irving) for plaintiff.

Turner v. Price.—Application by defendants that action be dismissed for want of prosecution. Order made fixing day of trial for 7th January; costs to be the defendant's in the cause. Crease (Bodwell & Irving) for defendant and White (Eberts & Taylor) for plaintiff.

In the East Lillooet election case, Mr. Archer Martin, for the respondent, this morning applied for particulars of corrupt treating and bribery alleged in petition. Mr. Gordon Hunter appeared for the petitioner. By consent the application stands over until Monday.

CONDENSED DISPATCHES.

News by Wire from All Parts of the World.

Following is the vote of San Francisco for mayor: Adolph Sutro, anti-railroad, 30,676; Dr. C. C. O'Donnell, independent, 12,348; L. R. Ellert, Rep., 11,275; Jefferson G. James, De., 4376.

The annual meeting of the National League and American Association of professional baseball players opened at New York yesterday.

On Friday the annual convention of the National Women's Christian Temperance Union opens at New Orleans.

Spreckles' tug Vigilant has proceeded to the scene of the wreck of the British steamer Crown of England with Capt. Metcalf of Lloyds' survey on board, for the purpose of ascertaining the possibility of getting the vessel off the ledge on which she now rests.

PASSENGERS.

Per Str. Geo. E. Starr from the Sound—F Shaffer, J Watson, O R Kilrid, G H Markell, R Edwards, F L Bangs, Mrs Hogler, G Paulson, W C Beale, Chas Luide.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—F W Foster jr, W E Fisher, Mrs Glover, F C Gamble, Mrs Brown, W N Lazier, R Cassidy, W H Grove, Mrs Ritchie, A Gilmore, G F Payne, J J Shallcross, J W Macaulay, J H Freeman, John Boyd, Major Dupont, J W Hutchinson, T F Sinclair, W C Loye, E Barns, G F Baldwin, W A Starrat, A S Henster, W E Lang, Rev T Baldwin, A Ranch, Agnes Harris, Nellie Harris, E Dier, T English, W Maddock, L Maddock, J Leahey.

Per City of Seattle from the Sound—W H Hamson, R Patterson, Mrs McTeren, G V Landsbery, W R Stinson, H Morgan, W Salt, C H Berry, J W Wallace, E B Jones, L C Irving, F M Stickle, M J Connelly and son, O Wood, A Hatfield and wife and son, F Norman.

CONSIGNEES.

Per Str. Geo. E. Starr from the Sound—R P Rithet & Co, S M Hartman, J Wilson & Co, P McQuade & Co, Vic El Ry & L Co, Chesnay Sed, Honolulu; D R Young, Vic El Ry & Lt Co, H Conley, T Wells.

Per Steamer Charmer from Vancouver—J. Freel, E G Prior, D Spencer, Armour & Co, R H McMillan, J Piercy, Order T B & Co, S Leiser, G C Shaw, Lowenberg & Co, N S Keeper, Order L Chaput Fils & Co, Brownlee, J B Johnson, J Thompson, J Angus, M R Smith, R H Jamieson, Thorpe & Co, Andrew Buster, E J Thain, Fell & Co, T Weldon, Geo Meldram, Hamilton P Co, H B Co, J King, J B Jones, J Wishart, J McGregor, Kwong On Ting, Croft, R W Higginbotham, W Blackie, W O'Connor, Perry & Turner, Vic Elec Co, North Pacific Fish Co, F S Hussey, Dom Exp Co.

Per Str. City of Seattle from the Sound—L L K, H Y, R T Dowing, W & J Wilson, G H M, D H Ross & Co, E B Marvin & Co, Ames Holden Co, S Leiser, B C Paper Mfg Co, L & L, J H Todd & Son, R B & S, S B & Co, H B, W J Cusack, P J Johnson & Co, J Boyd, F M & Co, T H Davies, Perry & Turner, B, O Hatfield, J Cranstoun.

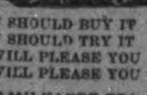
—Catarrh—Use Nasal Balm. Quick, positive cure. Soothing, cleansing, healing.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder
World's Fair Highest Medal and Diploma.

Use Gibbon's Tootache gum, sold druggists.

DRINK . . .

TAMILKANDE.
AMILKANDE.
AMILKANDE.
AMILKANDE.
AMILKANDE.



YOU SHOULD BUY IT
YOU SHOULD TRY IT
IT WILL PLEASE YOU
IT WILL PLEASE YOU

TAMILKANDE TEA
40c. 50c. 60c.

SIMON LEISER & CO.,
Agents.

Just received another consignment of Hams and Bacon. See our prices before buying.

Eastern Pork and Provision Store,
13 and 14 City Market, oppo. Broad st.
Large lot of turkeys coming for Thanksgiving Day.

ASSIGNEE SALE!
Of "New Home" Sewing Machines at Simpson's,
94 DOUGLAS STREET.

$62 50 MACHINE FOR . . . . $35 00 CASH.
68.00 " " . . . . 37.50 "
73.50 " " . . . . 40.00 "

New Wellington COAL & WOOD YARD.

Spratt's Wharf.
TELEPHONE 144.

C. J. V. SPRATT
Agent for the
New Vancouver Coal Co.

PERRY & TURNER
42 JOHNSON ST., VICTORIA, B. C.

THIS IS THE RANGE

HAPPY THOUGHT" RANGE.

Builders' Hardware,
Stoves, Tinware and Graniteware,
Sheet Metal Works,
Cornice Work,
Sky-Lights and Roofing.

I. X L.—The Best Steel Range Made.

Gold
Silver
and
Nickle
Watches
at
Rock
Bottom
Prices
at
Davidson
Bros.,
The Jewelers

TRANSPORTATION.

General Steamship Agency.

THROUGH TICKETS
To and from All European Points

From Montreal.	
Dominion Line, Labrador	Nov. 29
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Dec. 13
Dominion Line, Oregon	Dec. 27
Dominion Line, Labrador	Jan. 10
Dominion Line, Vancouver	Jan. 24
From New York.	
Cunard Line, Umbria	Nov. 24
Cunard Line, Lucania	Dec. 1
White Star Line, Britannic	Nov. 28
White Star Line, Majestic	Dec. 5
American Line, Paris	Nov. 28
American Line, Berlin	Dec. 5
North Ger. Lloyd, Spree	Nov. 27
North Ger. Lloyd, Lahn	Dec. 4
Anchor Line, Ethiopia	Nov. 24
Anchor Line, Furnessia	Dec. 1
Red Star Line, Rhynland	Nov. 28
Red Star Line, Belgenland	Dec. 1
Allan State Line, Nebraska	Nov. 22
Allan State Line, California	Dec. 6

Saloon fares from $40 to $90, according to steamer and location of berth. Second cabin, $25 to $40. Steerage, $10 to $25. Passengers purchasing through tickets save from $5 to $10 on each fare. Parties wishing to send for their friends can save $10 by purchasing through tickets here. For sailing list, steamer accommodation and all information, apply to

GEO. L. COURTNEY,
General Agent, Victoria.
Cor. Fort and Government streets.

New This Week

CHRISTIE'S BISCUITS,
AND
STILTON CHEESE.

If you would like a nice Turkey for thanksgiving let us have your order early. We have the best.

Erskine, Wall & Co.

Get Posted

On prices and qualities in Clothing. Then see how much we can save you.

Suits from $20.00

We want our Prices and Qualities to do our talking for us.

Pants from $5.00

Walter D. Kinnaird
The Cash Tailor,
No. 46 Johnson Street.

Fall and Winter Suits
$25.00
—AT—
CAMPBELL & CO'S,
The Leading Victoria Tailors,
88 Government Street.